Credico Finance 3 S.r.l.

BALANCE SHEET

at June 30,2012

(amounts stated in €)

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
60 Amounts receivable	7.331	7.331	7.421
120 Tax assets (a) current (b) prepaid	288 288	0	0
140 Other assets	14.680	12.467	18.524
TOTAL ASSETS	22.299	19.798	25.945
	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Tax liabilities (a) current (b) deferred	- -	675 675	1.675 1.675
70 Tax liabilities (a) current	- 11.593	675	

706

22.299

706

19.798

706

25.945

160 Reserves

180 Profit (Loss) for the period

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Credico Finance 3 S.r.l. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

at June 30, 2012

(amounts stated in €)

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
10 Interest receivable and similar income		- 60	-
Interest margin		- 60	-
Intermediation margin		- 60	-
110 Administrative expenses:a) for staffb) other administrative expenses160 Other operating income and charges	(68.04 (4.408) (63.638) 68.04	(8.776) (105.064)	(59.009) (4.368) (54.641) 60.684
Result of operations		- 983	1.675
Profit (Loss) from current operations before taxes		- 983	1.675
190 Income tax on the income from current operations Profit (Loss) from current operations after taxes		(983)	(1.675)
Profit (Loss) for the period		- -	-

Credico Finance 3 S.r.l.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

CORPORATE BUSINESS

The Company was incorporated on March 9, 2004 with the sole business purpose of performing receivable securitization transactions under Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999.

FORM AND CONTENT OF THE EXPLANATORY NOTES

These notes are broken down into the following parts:

Part A – Accounting Policies

Part B – Balance Sheet Data

Part C – Profit and Loss Account Data

Part D – Other information

Each part of the Explanatory Notes is broken down into sections that illustrate every aspect of corporate operations. The above sections include both qualitative and quantitative data.

2. PART A - ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A.1 General Part

Section 1 – Statement of compliance with international accounting standards

The semi-annual financial statements as at 30/6/2012 are drawn up in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards and International Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as "Ifrs", "Ias", or international accounting standards).

The IAS/IFRS international accounting standards, issued by the IASB (International Accounting Standards Board), are a whole series of standard criteria for preparing financial statements of companies in order to make them easily comparable within a context characterised by growing competition and globalisation.

On a European level, the application of the IAS/IFRS standards was made a requirement for consolidated financial statements of listed companies by EC Regulation No. 1606 of July 19, 2002.

The European Community completed the standardization process of the IAS/IFRS standards, necessary for their application, in December 2004, with the approval of IAS standard 39 relating to financial instruments.

On a national level, Legislative Decree No. 38 of February 28, 2005 widened the application of the IAS/IFRS standards, as part of the options allowed by the EC Regulation, including to individual financial statements (optional for 2005 and mandatory as from 2006) of listed companies, banks, financial institutions under surveillance and non-listed insurance companies.

The half-year financial statements have been drawn up on the basis of the "Instructions for the drawing up of financial statements of the financial intermediaries pursuant to article 107 of the Consolidated Banking Act, dated 13 March 2012, issued by Bank of Italy of the Electronic Money Institutions, of Electronic Money institutions (IMEL), of asset management companies (SGR) and of stockbroking companies (SIM)". The above mentioned instructions are to be followed by the financial intermediaries enrolled in the special list pursuant to article 107 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

The implementation of such schemes has been considered as the most reasonable in order to provide information on the financial position, on the economic result and on the financial flows of the Company. The above mentioned schemes are considered as useful for the users in taking economic decisions and also relevant, trustworthy comparable and understandable either with regards to the management of the Company either with regards to the segregated assets.

On the basis of what is set out by Legislative Decree 38/2005, the choice relating to the application of the IAS/IFRS standards may not be reversed.

In compliance with the provisions of the above Legislative Decree 38/2005, Credico Finance 3 S.r.l. adopted the IAS/IFRS standards in preparing its individual financial statements from the 2006 period onwards.

Amounts in the semi-annual financial statements are stated in €, which is the company's functional currency. Accounting statements and explanatory notes, unless otherwise indicated, are stated in € units.

Section 2 - General preparation criteria

The semi-annual financial statements consist of balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, statement of variations taking place in capital and reserves, cash flow statements and these notes, and are supplemented by the management report prepared by the sole director. The balance sheet and profit and loss account consist of items, sub-items and additional detailed information (namely, the "of which" of items and sub-items).

The semi-annual financial statements are drawn up according to the general principles referred to by the framework for preparation and presentation of financial statements, and special attention has been paid to the basic principles of prevalence of substance over form, on the assumption of business operation and on a going concern basis, and on the basis of the relevance and significance of information.

The semi-annual financial statements are drawn up on an accrual and going concern basis.

Items with no amounts in either the financial statements for the six-month period or those for the previous period or six months are not stated.

The explanatory notes include the information required by the Measure of the Bank of Italy dated 13 March 2012 "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries pursuant to article 107 of the Consolidated Banking Act, of the payment Institutions, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" and the additional data required under international accounting standards.

Financial assets and liabilities are reported in the explanatory notes in compliance with the administrative directives issued by the Bank of Italy pursuant to Art. 9 of Legislative Decree 38/2005, in accordance with international accounting standards, highlighting the status of segregation of the assets of the securitization transaction with the company's assets. This approach is also in line with the provisions of Law No. 130/99, according to which receivables relating to each transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other transactions

For the purpose of providing thorough information, it should be noted that the accounting treatment of investments and/or groups of financial assets and liabilities originating from securitization transactions, in

accordance with IAS 39 of the international accounting standards, is still being studied by the authorities in charge of interpreting the established accounting principles.

Securitization transactions

From an accounting standpoint, the securitization transaction has been reported in compliance with the "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial brokers registered with the special roll, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" issued by the Bank of Italy with its Ordinance of December 13 March, 2012.

The provisions included in the Instructions appear to be in line with the content of the previous Ordinance of April 2000 and the provision of Law 130/99 (the "Securitization Act"), which state that "receivables relating to each transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other transactions".

Information relating to the securitization transaction is reported in the respective section of the Explanatory Notes and does not form part of financial statements. Therefore, amounts relating to the securitization transaction have not been impacted by the application of IAS/IFRS standards.

As regards the transactions in question, the Bank of Italy has expressly provided that:

- a) Accounting information relating to each securitization transaction is separately stated in the Explanatory Notes;
- b) Information should include all qualitative and quantitative data necessary for a clear and thorough representation of each transaction.

In particular, the Bank of Italy demands that the minimum quantity of data indicated below is reported in the Explanatory Notes.

Part D, "Other information", should include a Section where at least the following information must be summarised: amount of receivables purchased (nominal and transfer value); amount of securities issued, with separate indication of the class of securities with respective degree of subordination. Disclosure is based on the provision which requires that all information should be given that may be useful to provide a complete picture of the situation, even though not expressly required; on the contrary information that due to its nature or excessive content might make information included in the document less clear and immediate should be omitted.

For each transaction performed, the respective Section ("F") should be drawn up, where at least the following information is to be included:

Qualitative data:

- description and progress of transaction;
- involved parties;
- description of issues;
- additional financial transactions;
- operating authority of the transferee company and of the issuer, if other than the transferee.

Ouantitative data:

- balance of receivables at the time of transfer; increases and decreases taking place up to the closing date of accounts; balance of receivables at the end of the period;
- variations taking place in overdue receivables;
- cash flows in the period;
- status of guarantees and liquidity facilities;

- breakdown of securitized assets and liabilities by residual life;
- breakdown of securitized assets by geographic area;
- indications on the level of portfolio breakdown.

More information on the securitization transaction can be found under Letter "F" of Part D "Other Information" of these notes.

Section 3 - Events taking place after the closing date of accounts

During the period between the close of accounts and the approval date of these annual financial statements, no events took place such as to impact operations and business results.

The securitization transaction has been progressing in line with expectations.

A.2: PART RELATING TO THE MAIN BALANCE SHEET AGGREGATES

RECEIVABLES

Recording criteria

Receivables comprise investments with clients and banks, which involve fixed or determinable payments, which are not listed on an active market. The value of the item corresponds to the total of deposits and current accounts in credit held at banks.

Classification criteria

Receivables have not been classified at the start under investments held for disposal.

Valuation criteria

Receivables are valued at amortised cost. This principle is not applied to less than short-term receivables, in which the corresponding valuation has been carried out at their original value. At each closing date, receivables are assessed to check that there is objective proof of impairment.

Derecognition criteria

Receivables are derecognised when the asset in question is transferred, substantially shifting all connected risks and benefits, when contractual rights come into effect or when the receivable is considered to be definitely unrecoverable.

Criteria for recording income components

The income component corresponds to revenues originating from interest receivable on bank current accounts.

DEFERRED AND CURRENT TAXES

Recording criteria

The recognition of current tax assets and liabilities derives from obligations related to corporate income tax regulations in force.

The recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities derives from temporary differences taxable or deductible in future periods.

On the basis of IAS 12, current assets and liabilities are subject to offsetting.

Classification criteria

This item consists of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Valuation criteria

Amounts are set aside for income taxes on the basis of the estimation of the current and deferred tax burden, calculated according to applicable rates.

As a rule, deferred tax liabilities are always calculated. Deferred tax assets are calculated in relation to whether or not they can be reasonably expected to be recovered.

Derecognition criteria

Current tax assets and liabilities are derecognised when they are paid in accordance with current tax law. Deferred taxes are derecognised when the temporary differences identified became taxable or deductible.

OTHER ASSETS

Recording, classification, valuation, derecognition and recognition criteria for income components

Recording of receivables arising from charge back of costs incurred in favour of segregated assets takes place at the time when the service has been fully provided or costs have been incurred, i.e. at the time when the company is entitled to receive payment.

OTHER LIABILITIES

Recording, classification, valuation, derecognition and recognition criteria for income components

These are recorded at their nominal value with settlement forecast within the Company's normal operating cycle with no deferrals foreseen. Liabilities are initially recorded at fair value generally corresponding to the amount paid including any additional income and/or charges.

SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital is reported net of subscribed capital unpaid.

COSTS AND REVENUES

Recording, classification, valuation and derecognition criteria

Costs and revenues are shown in the semi-annual financial statements depending on their nature and on an accrual basis.

Costs are recorded in the profit and loss account when there is a decrease in future economic benefits, which involves a reduction in assets or an increase in liabilities whose value is reliably determined. Revenues are recorded in the profit and loss account when there is an increase in future economic benefits, involving an increase in assets or a decrease in liabilities that can be

reliably determined. Costs and revenues are matched by directly matching the costs incurred with the specific items of revenue obtained.

Considering the exclusive management activity performed by the company, the operating charges, interest receivable and taxes incurred are charged back to the segregated assets, as far as it is necessary to ensure the financial stability of the company, as provided for by contract. This amount is classified in "other operating income".

A.3: Information on Fair Value

This part has not been completed since the Company does not own any financial instruments valued at fair value.

PART B - BALANCE SHEET DATA

Amounts in balance sheet are stated in €.

ASSETS

Section 6 – Amounts receivable (Item 60)

6.1 "Amounts receivable from banks"

30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
7,421	7,421	7,535

This item consists of the credit balance of bank current accounts.

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
1. Bank deposits and current accounts	7.331	7.331	7.421

- 2. Financing
 - 2.1 Repurchase agreements
 - 2.2 Finance lease
 - 2.3 Factoring
 - with recourse
 - without recourse
 - 2.4 Other financing
- 3. Debt securities
 - structured securities
 - other debt securities
- 4. Other assets

Total book value	7.331	7.331	7.421
Total fair value	7.331	7.331	7.421

This item consists of the credit balance of current account No. 29112 held at Iccrea Banca.

Section 12 - Tax assets and tax liabilities (Item 120 under assets and Item 70 under liabilities)

This item includes tax assets and liabilities (current and prepaid).

12.1 Breakdown of Item 120 "Tax assets: current and prepaid"

	20/04/2012	21/12/2011	20/04/2011
	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
Tax assets			
1. Current	288		0 0
2. Prepaid			

Total 288 0 0

12.2 Breakdown of Item 70 "Tax liabilities: current and deferred"

		30/06/2012 31	/12/2011 30	0/06/2011
Tax liabilities				
	1. Current	0	288	1675
	2. Prepaid			
Total		0	675	1675

The balance of tax liabilities is broken down as follows:

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
Withholding tax paid		16	0
Regional tax on production (IRAP) advances		212	0
Corporate income tax (IRES) receivables		80	0
Corporate income tax (IRES) payable		(264)	1.662
Regional tax on production (IRAP) payable		(719)	13
Total current tax liabilities		(675)	1.675

The withholding taxes consist the withholding taxes on interest income as at 30 June 2012.

Section 14 - Other assets (Item 140)

14.1 Breakdown of Item 140 "Other assets"

Other assets consist of the following:

	30/06/2011	31/12/2010	30/06/2010
Organizational costs' adjunct account	14,680	12,467	18,524
Total other assets	14,680	12,467	18,524

Organisational costs' adjunct account substantially consists of the receivable resulting from charge-back of costs and income from corporate to segregated assets as provided for by the agreement. At the end of the half-year, it was considered appropriate that the asset and liability items be offset to segregated assets. In fact, "amounts owed to SPV" mainly resulted from payment of costs which, at the end of the period, have been charged back.

LIABILITIES

Section 9 – Other liabilities (Item 90)

9.1 Breakdown of Item 90 "Other liabilities"

Other liabilities consist of:

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
- Amounts owed to suppliers	10,448	7,062	13,234

GRAND TOTAL	11,593	8,417	13,564
workers	714	714	0
- Tax withholdings for self-employed			
- Invoices to be received	430	641	330

Detail of amounts owed to suppliers is reported below:

- FIS S.p.a.	10,448
Total	10,448

Below is the detail of invoices to be received:

- Willmington Trust	430
Total	430

Invoices to be received relate to expenses for services carried out by the Corporate Servicer and for the management of the two Stichtings which hold the shares in the Company.

Section 12 – Capital and reserves (Items 120, 130, 140 and 150)

12.1 Breakdown of Item 120 "Share Capital"

Туре			30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
1.	Share c	apital	10,000	10,000	10,000
	1.1	Ordinary shares	No. 0	No. 0	No. 0
	1.2	Other shares	No. 0	No. 0	No. 0

The Share Capital is fully subscribed and paid up, and is broken down as follows:

Shareholders	Percentage of Equity Investment	Nominal Value of Equity Investment
Stichting Melograno 3	50%	5,000
Stichting Melograno 4	50%	5,000

12.5 Other information

			Reserv	ves of profits	Other:		
Type/v	alue		Legal	Extraordinary	Restatement reserves	Other reserves	Total
A.	Opening ba	alance	90	616		0	706
B.	Increase						
	B.1	Allocations					
	B.2	Other variations					
C.	Decrease						
	C.1	Utilisation					
		coverage of losses					
		distribution					
		capital transfer					
	C.2	Other variations					

With regards to the distributability of the reserves, reference is made to the following table.

Paradati n			A 11.11	Summary of utilisation carried out in the prior three periods		
Description	Amount	Possibility of use	Available share	for coverage of losses	for other reasons	
Reserves of profits:			-			
Legal reserve	90	В				
Extraordinary reserve	616	A,B,C	616			
Other:						
Restatement reserve						
Profits brought forward		B				
Non-distributable portion	90					
Distributable portion			616			

Legend

A for capital increase

B for coverage of losses

C for distribution to shareholders

PART C - PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT DATA

Section 1 - Interest (Items 10 and 20)

1.1 Breakdown of item 10 "Interest receivable and similar income"

The item interest receivable includes interest on amounts receivable from credit institutions.

Items/Types	Debt securities	Financing	Other transactions	Total 30/06/2012	Total 31/12/2011	Total 30/06/2010
1. Investments held for trading						
2. Investments at fair value						
3. Investments available for sale						
4. Investments held to maturity 5. Amounts receivable						
5.1 Loans to banks Amounts receivable from financial 5.2 institutions				0	60	0
5.3 Customer loans						
6. Other assets						
7. Hedging derivatives						
Total				0	60	0

Section 9 – Administrative expenses (Item 110)

9.1 Breakdown of Item 110.a "For staff costs"

Item/Sector	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
1. Employees			
a) wages and salaries			

b) social security costs			
c) employee severance indemnity			
d) pension costs			
e) provision for severance indemnity			
f) provisions for retirement benefits and similar commitments:			
- defined contribution plans			
- defined benefit plans			
g) payments to external supplementary national insurance funds:			
- defined contribution plans			
- defined benefit plans			
f) other expenses			
2. Other staff in service			
3. Directors and Statutory Auditors	4,408	8,877	4,368
4. Staff laid off			
5. Recoveries of expenses for employees seconded at other			
companies			
6. Reimbursements of expenses for employees seconded at the			
Company			
Total	4,408	8,776	4,368

The item relates solely to fees of the Sole Director for the first six months of 2012. The Company has no Board of Statutory Auditors.

9.3 Breakdown of Item 110.b "Other administrative expenses"

	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
- notary and legal advisory services	1.046	1.390	927
- tax and administrative consulting services	42.560	77.005	38.424
- financial statements' auditing	14.582	19.145	12.425
- Stichting management charges	1.576,	2.932	1.446
- expenses for translations and publications	3.145	3.657	720
- bank expenses	0	60	0
- administrative charge for corporate books	310	310	310
- Annual fee for registration at the Chamber of	200	200	200
Commerce for Industry, Agriculture and Handicrafts - expenses for filing of documents and certificates of incorporation with the Chamber of Commerce for	130	130	130
Industry, Agriculture and Handicrafts			
- postal expenses	87	143	0
- stamp duty	2	92	18
Other expenses	0	0	41
Total	63.638	105.064	54.641

Section 14 – Other operating income and charges (Item 160)

14.1 Breakdown of Item 160 "Other operating income and charges"

Items	30/06/2012	31/12/2011
1. Income		
1.1 Revaluations		
1.2 Gains from transfer		
1.3 Recoveries in value		
1.4 Other income	68.046	114.763

2. Charges		
2.1 Write downs		
2.2 Losses from transfer		
2.3 Value adjustments due to impairment		
2.4 Other charges		0
Net profit	68.046	114.763

The item other income relates to the organizational costs' adjunct account which is broken down as follows:

	30/06/2012
- Sole Director's fee	4.408
- notary and legal advisory services	1.046
- tax and administrative consulting services	42.560
- financial statements' auditing	14.582
- Stichting management charges	1.576,
- expenses for translations and publications	3.145
- bank expenses	0
- administrative charge for corporate books	310
- annual fee for registration at the Chamber of	200
Commerce for Industry, Agriculture and	
Handicrafts	
- expenses for filing of documents and	130
certificates of incorporation with the Chamber	
of Commerce for Industry, Agriculture and	
Handicrafts	
- postal expenses	87
- stamp duty	2
Total	68.046

Section 17 – Income tax on the income from current operations (Item 190)

This item includes the tax burden, as the difference between current and deferred taxation, relating to the income for the period.

PART D - OTHER INFORMATION

D - GUARANTEES ISSUED AND COMMITMENTS

D.1 – Value of guarantees issued and commitments

The Company has not issued any guarantees to third parties, nor are there any commitments other than those reported in section F.

D.3 – Other information

The Company does not have any off-balance-sheet transactions under way at June 30, 2012 other than those indicated in section F.

F - RECEIVABLE SECURITIZATION

Layout, Form and Valuation Criteria used in preparing the summary schedule of securitized assets and securities issued.

The layout and form of the summary statement are in line with what is set out by the Ordinance of the Bank of Italy of March 29, 2000, "Financial Statements of receivable securitization companies", as updated by the "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries listed in the special register, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" issued by the Bank of Italy on 13 March 2012.

Since the securitization transaction was carried out during the 2004 period, data relating to the previous year and half-year of 2010 have been shown for reasons of comparison.

As in the previous section of the Explanatory Notes, amounts are stated in € units, unless otherwise indicated. Below the valuation criteria adopted for the most significant items are shown which, in accordance with the above Instructions of the Bank of Italy, are in line with the criteria provided for by Legislative Decree 87/92.

Securitized assets

Securitized assets are recorded at nominal value, which is the presumed realisable value, net of write downs.

Employment of available funds and Amounts receivable from banks

Receivables, which represent credit balances of current accounts held with credit institutions, are shown at the nominal value corresponding to the presumed realisable value.

Securities issued

Securities issued are recorded at their respective nominal values. C-series securities are part of the limited recourse "asset-backed" category of securities and are repaid using the amounts originating from collection of the receivables being transferred only.

Other Liabilities, Accruals and Deferrals

Liabilities are recorded at nominal value.

Accruals and deferrals have been determined on an accrual basis, applying the principle of matching costs with revenues concerning the period.

Interest, Commissions, Other Income and Charges

Costs and revenues relating to securitized assets and securities issued, interest, commissions, proceeds, other charges and income have been recorded on an accrual basis.

Derivative contracts

The differential on the Interest Rate Swap contracts, entered into in order to hedge the risk of interest rate fluctuation, is recorded under charges on an accrual basis.

F.1 SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF SECURITZED ASSETS AND SECURITIES ISSUED

	Balance at June 30, 2011	Balance at December 31, 2010	Balance at June 30, 2010
	(Euro units)	(Euro units)	(Euro units)
A. Securitized assets	56.788.044	66.735.691	78.048.900
A1 Receivables	56.234.311	66.031.466	77.283.154
Nominal Value	56.234.311	66.031.466	77.283.154
A2 Securities			
A3 Other	553.733		765.746
		704.224	
A3 a) Interest accrued on loans existing	553.733		765.746
	10.00<.004	704.224	7 040 04 7
B. Employment of funds from credit management	18.086.002	17.742.488	5.810.945
B1 Debt securities			
B2 Equity instruments			
B3 Cash at bank and in hand	18.086.002	17.742.488	5.810.945
B3 a) Cash at bank c/a	15.479.196	15.058.940	2.103.295
B3 b) Amounts receivable from Deutsche London	2.403.421	2.486.968	3.504.459
for investments			
B3 c) Other	203.385		203.191
		196.580	
C. Securities issued (nominal value)	56.487.959	66.151.308	78.116.632
C1 Class A securities (series 1)	28.937.080	38.600.429	50.565.753
C2 Class B securities (series 2)	19.700.000	19.700.000	19.700.000
C3 Class C securities (series 3)	7.850.879	7.850.879	7.850.879
D. Financing received	13.697.859	13.698.215	335.887
E. Other liabilities	4.688.228	4.628.655	5.407.326
E1 Amounts owed to corporate management	14.681	10.15	18.524
E3.6 1.	214.570	12.467	104 602
E2 Suppliers	214.578	183.809	184.683
E3 Amounts owed to transferors for accrued interest		103.009	
E4 Accrued expenses on securities A and B issued	83.682		141.168
L4 Accruca expenses on securities A and B issued	03.002	117.979	141.100
E5 Excess spread on securities C issued	4.375.289	117.575	5.062.826
		4.308.975	
E6 Differential on Swap	-		0
-		4.273	
E7 Other	-	1 150	125
F. Interest payable on securities issued	1.039.829	1.152 1.664.842	927.690
F1 Interest on A and B securities	410.296	1.151.564	557.879
F2 Excess spread on C securities issued	629.533	513.278	369.811
G. Commissions and fees payable for the transaction	306.812	618.198	317.136
G1 for servicing	119.739	306.955	169.645
G2 for other services	187.073	311.243	147.491
H. Other charges	107.190	347.772	190.543
H1 Negative swap differential	11.944	160.047	83.657
H2 Other	95.246	187.725	106.886
I. Interest generated by securitized assets	1.085.811	2.582.022	1.419.681
L. Other income	368.019	48.790	15.688
		40.790	
L1 Interest receivable from current accounts and	4.634		15.688

investments		46.120	
L2 Other	363.385		0
		2.670	

In the item B3 c)-"Other" receivables from the State Treasury for the amount of the withholding taxes on the interest income of the bank accounts.

QUALITATIVE DATA

F.2 DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS OF TRANSACTION.

On June 14, 2004, the following entities:

- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Alba Langhe e Roero S.c.a.r.l., with registered office in Alba (CN), Corso Italia 4/6;
- Credito Cooperativo Bolognese S.c.r.l., with registered office in Bologna, Via Calzoni 1/3, now merged into BCC Emilbanca;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Carugate S.c.r.l., with registered office in Carugate (MI), Via de Gasperi 11;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Castenaso S.c.r.l., with registered office in Villanova *frazione* of Castenaso (BO), Via Tosarelli 207;
- Banca Centropadana Credito Cooperativo S.c.a.r.l. with registered office in Guardamiglio (LO), Piazza IV Novembre 11;
- Emilbanca Banca Credito Cooperativo Bologna S.c.r.l., with registered office in Bologna, Via Mazzini 152;
- Banca di Monastier e del Sile Credito Cooperativo S.c.r.l., with registered office in Monastier di Treviso (TV), Via Roma no. 21/a;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo Pordenonese S.c.r.l., with registered office in Azzano Decimo (PN), Via Trento 1;
- Banca San Giorgio e Valle Agno Credito Cooperativo di Fara Vicentino S.c.r.l., with registered office in Fara Vicentino (VI), Via Perlena 78;
- Cassa Rurale ed Artigiana S. Giuseppe Credito Cooperativo di Camerano S.c.r.l., with registered office in Camerano (AN), Via Monsignor Donzelli 34/36;
- Banca Valdarno Credito Cooperativo S.c.r.l., with registered office in San Giovanni Valdarno (AR), Piazza della Libertà 26;
- Credito Cooperativo Valdinievole, with registered office in Montecatini Terme (PT), Via Don minzioni 14.

have transferred, with no guarantee of solvency, to Credico Finance 3 S.r.l. a portfolio consisting of performing mortgage loans for a nominal value of 392,750,879 euros. For these receivables, Credico Finance 3 paid, as an initial consideration for the transfer, € 392,750,879 and undertook to pay to each transferor any interest accrued up to May 18, 2004 (date of assessment of portfolio transferred).

The individual BCCs have selected the portfolio being transferred based on general criteria common to all of them and based on certain specific criteria indicated in each individual transfer agreement.

The general criteria identified for selection of loans to be transferred are the following:

- 1. denominated in Euro;
- 2. considered as performing in compliance with the rules and regulations on supervision issued by the Bank of Italy;
- 3. secured by first mortgage;
- 4. payment takes place by payment order from an account held with the Transferor Banks or in cash at one of the branches of the Transferor Banks;
- 5. in relation to which the period before repayment of principal begins has fully elapsed, whenever established by the relevant loan contract;
- 6. the loan contract does not have instalments due after December 31, 2018;
- 7. the loan contract has not been executed making use of any kind of financial facilities;

- 8. not deriving from loan contracts granted to individuals who are employees of the Transferor
- 9. not deriving from loan contracts classified as "agricultural credit" as per Art. 43 of TUB (Consolidated Banking Act);
- 10. deriving from loan contracts that show no instalments due and unpaid on the Assessment Date;
- 11. loans that are fully disbursed;
- 12. not deriving from loans that, despite being performing, are classified as "in default" credits under the Instructions of the Bank of Italy.

The nominal value of receivables transferred by each BCC is shown below:

BCC Alba		54,645,614
BCC Carugate		30,030,067
BCC Castenaso		18,036,929
BCC Centropadana		28,205,361
BCC Emilbanca*		68,401,538
BCC Monastier del Sile		70,458,689
BCC Pordenonese		51,624,954
BCC S.Giorgio Valle Agno		31,238,419
BCC S.Giuseppe Camerano		10,894,144
BCC Valdarno		15,195,495
BCC Valdinievole		14,019,669
	Total	392,750,879

^{*} this also includes Euro 42,944,291 originally transferred by Credito Cooperativo Bolognese, which is now merged into BCC Emilbanca

During the first half of 2012 the quantity of positions in default decreased. The residual principal value of the debt of such positions, net of any recoveries at 30 June, is equal to $\leq 2,942,804$. The passage todefault has caused the fact that one excess spread of the same value has not been paid.

During the year recoveries were made on these positions for a total of $\leq 1.306,024$ (principal sum). Transaction is progressing in line with expectations.

F.3 DISCLOSURE OF INVOLVED PARTIES

Transferor entities: BCC Alba, BCC Bolognese (now merged into BCC Emilbanca), BCC Carugate, BCC Castenaso, BCC Centropadana, BCC Emilbanca, BCC Monastier e del Sile, BCC Pordenonese, BCC S.Giorgio Valle Agno, BCC San Giuseppe Camerano, BCC Valdarno, BCC Valdinievole

The BCCs, in their capacity as servicers, are liable for the existence of transferred receivables and watch over their existence or non-existence. In particular, they are in charge of managing receivables, any default status and maintaining guarantees, taking care of the necessary documentation.

Agent bank: Deutsche Bank AG London/Deutsche Bank S.p.A. of Milan/Société Générale Bank and Trust S.A.

The three institutions carry out the functions of transaction bank, principal and Italian paying agent, cash manager and computation agent. In particular, Société Générale S.A. took care of the placement of securities at the time of their issue.

Counterparts in charge of hedging: Société Générale S.A.

Société Générale S.A. is the party with which Credico Finance 3 has entered into three hedging agreements (consisting of two Interest Rate Swaps and one CAP), for the purpose of hedging the interest-rate risk relating to the structure.

Lead manager and Arranger: Société Générale S.A. London Branch

The above entity has been in charge of placing securities on the market, in compliance with law and contractual provisions.

Representative of the Security Bearers: Deutsche Trustee Company Limited

Administrative Services: FIS Full Integrated Solutions S.p.A.

FIS S.p.A. is in charge of providing accounting-administrative services to Credico Finance 3.

F.4 Characteristics of issues

These consist of three series of "Asset Backed" securities, issued at par on June 21, 2004, for an aggregate nominal value of €...., broken down as follows:

Class A Issue	365,200,000
Class B Issue	19,700,000
Class C1 Issue	851,511
Class C2 Issue	319,411
Class C3 Issue	613,065
Class C4 Issue	368,224
Class C5 Issue	1,043,870
Class C6 Issue	1,476,185
Class C7 Issue	604,379
Class C8 Issue	233,243
Class C9 Issue	673,410
Class C10 Issue	876,709
Class C11 Issue	271,162
Class C12 Issue	519,710
Total	392,750,879

The amounts indicated in the table relate to the tranching of securities. Since 18 months have passed between their issue and the balance sheet date, the first reimbursements of the principal amount of series A took place which, at June 30, 2012, amounts to Euro 28,937,080.

Interest accruing on securities is equivalent to Euribor rate at 3 months with the following spreads:

Class A:	+0.23%
Class B:	+0.50%

Class C securities produce a yield which is calculated on a yearly basis depending on income resulting from collection of the interest portion of transferred receivables, net of operating costs incurred by the SPV.

During the first six months of 2012 the four quarterly payments were duly made on the "interest payment date" established (February 21 – May 20). Interest accrued on Classes A and B has been paid, as well as any residual amount relating to Class C securities, according to respective contractual provisions. The payments were made in accordance with what is laid out by the Payment Priority Order.

Securities are listed at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the rating companies are Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch Ibca which rated them as follows:

Securities	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Rating	Percentage	Amount in €/million
Class A	A+	Aa2	93%	365.2
Class B	A	A1	5%	19.7
Class C	Not rated	Not rated	2%	7.8

F.5 Additional financial transactions

For the purpose of hedging the interest rate risk on the series of securities two Interest Rate Swap contracts were entered into, broken down into 3 classes corresponding to the types of variable rate applied to the individual portfolios transferred, as well as a CAP corresponding to the types of fixed rate applied to the individual portfolios transferred.

According to what has been agreed with the rating agencies, each BCC has provided the SPV with a liquidity line, as an additional guarantee on any mismatch in incoming financial flows deriving from loans and outgoing financial flows resulting from payment of coupons. The aggregate amount is 13,696 thousand euros (or 3.5% of the aggregate transferred portfolio).

As an additional guarantee, the BCCs issued limited-recourse loans in the form of government bonds. These are deposited at Deutsche Bank of Milan on behalf of the holders of senior securities. These securities have changed legal ownership to Credico Finance 3 while on an accounting basis they continue to figure among the assets of the individual BCCs, along with the interest produced by them.

F.6 Operating authority of transferee

Credico Finance 3 S.r.l. (in its capacity as transferee and issuer) is empowered with operating authority to the extent permitted by the Articles of Association. In particular, Art. 2 states that: "The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions pursuant to Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 as amended, through acquisition for a consideration of pecuniary receivables, both existing and future, identified by a common feature in the event of more than one receivable, funded through issue of securities under Articles 1, Para. 1, Lett. (b), and 5 of Law No. 130/99. The Company may also carry out receivable securitization transactions in the manner set out by Article 7 of Law 130/99. In compliance with the provisions of Law 130/99, receivables purchased by the Company as part of each securitization transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other securitization transactions performed by the Company for which no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted. Each one of these segregated assets is exclusively intended for satisfying the rights intrinsic to the securities issued, by the Company or another Company, to fund the purchase of receivables forming part of the above mentioned assets, in addition to payment of costs of the associated securitization transaction. To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999, the Company may perform all additional transactions to be executed to successfully complete the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose, including assumption of loans and financing, pledges and other forms of guarantees, and carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets (including receivables having a similar nature as those being securitized) of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the securities mentioned in Art. 1, Para. 1, Lett. b) and 5 of Law 130/99 and costs of the transaction. If the conditions set out for each securitization transaction are met and for the benefit of the bearers of the securities issued by the Company as part of the transaction, the Company may also transfer the receivables purchased to third parties. If the conditions set out for each securitization transaction are met and for the benefit of the bearers of the securities issued by the Company as part of the transaction, the Company may also transfer the receivables purchased to third parties and carry out any of the activities permitted by Law 130/99. The Company may carry out its business both in Italy and abroad".

All the principal operating activities associated with the management of the transaction have been entrusted with third parties (see Point F3).

QUANTITATIVE DATA

F.7 Data on flows relating to receivables (amounts stated in €)

(difficulties stated in C)					
	Balance at Dec 31, 2011	Decrease Collection 2012	Other Decrease	Increase	Balance at June 30, 2012
BCC Alba	9.448.216	1.787.056	0	214.020	7.875.180
BCC Carugate	3.816.755	779.662	0	90.317	3.127.410
BCC Castenaso	1.753.639	303.912	0	9.168	1.458.895

BCC Centropadana	6.516.675	732.843	0	101.291	5.885.123
BCC Emilbanca	10.320.531	1.947.613	0	268.287	8.641.205
BCC Monastier	10.435.451	1.621.209	0	179.060	8.993.302
BCC Pordenonese	9.869.738	1.527.784	0	124.473	8.466.427
BCC S.Giorgio V.A.	5.700.123	854.181	0	87.440	4.933.382
BCC S. Giuseppe Camerano	2.480.593	237.513	0	35.127	2.278.207
BCC Valdarno	3.117.256	970.079	0	93.746	2.240.923
BCC Valdinievole	2.572.492	271.608	0	33.373	2.334.257
Total	66.031.470	11.033.460	0	1.236.302	56.234.311

The Item "increase due to interest" relates to interest accrued during the year and duly collected at the balance sheet date.

F.8 Variations taking place in overdue receivables

Below the variations taking place in overdue receivables are shown for the first half of 2012.

	Opening Increase Decrease		Decrease	Closing
	Balance	in the period	in the period	Balance
BCC ALBA	235.030	1.018.591	1.199.243	54.378
BCC CARUGATE	123.889	750.537	744.739	129.687
BCC CASTENASO -	40.058	366.183	319.966	6.158
BCC CENTROPADANA	564.180	776.701	698.749	642.131
BCC EMILBANCA	839.651	1.379.937	1.644.328	575.260
BCC MONASTIER E DEL SILE	671.786	1.633.728	1.622.794	682.718
BCC PORDENONESE	129.923	1.378.231	1.363.204	144.949
BCC S.GIORGIO VALLE AGNO	372.345	1.577.351	1.560.153	389.545
BCC S.GIUSEPPE CAMERANO	57.150	290.069	237.396	109.823
BCC VALDARNO	870.061	523.870	982.343	411.587
BCC VALDINIEVOLE	674.525	100.381	132.650	642.256
Total	4.498.481	9.795.579	10.505.565	3.788.492

The future progress of the transaction is in line with expectations.

F.9 Cash flows

Cash at bank and in hand – opening balance		15.058.940
Expenditure		
Other payments		
Payment of servicing fees	24.805	
Repayment of Series A securities Payment of suppliers and corporate servicers (including	126.822	
VAT and tax withholdings)	9.663.350	
Payment of interest series 1A, 1B and 1C	224.507	
Payment of swap differential	1.007.812	
Bank expenses	16.217	
Investments on London account	1.745	
Repayment of liquidity facilities Repayment of coupons collected on behalf of BCCs	10.525.457	

	4.181	
Total Expenditure		21.594.897
Receipts		
Collection of receivables	11.383.374	
Encashment of investments on London account	10.611.005	
Crediting of interest	4.858	
Enchashment swap spread Total receipts	15.916	
Total availability at 30/06/2012		15.479.196

The cash flows forecast for the first half of 2012 are in line with the amortisation plan of the transferred receivables.

F.10 Status of guarantees and liquidity facilities

As at June 30, 2012 Cash flows expected for the first six-months of 2012 are in line with of the liquidity facility made available by the BCCs is found to be used.

- Valdinievole per euro 12.292,;
- Valdarno per euro 461.605;
- Emilbanca per euro 52.655;
- S.Giorgio VA per euro 51.985.

F.11 Breakdown by residual life

ASSETS

Due date	No. of positions	%	Residual debt	%
Up to 3 months	58	3%	150.480	0%
From 3 months to 1				
year	228	12%	2.497.682	4%
From 1 to five years	894	49%	21.564.009	38%
After 5 years	605	33%	29.079.336	52%
Default	5	0%	206.147	0%
Total	52	3%	2.736.657	5%
	1.842	100%	56.234.311	100%

The maximum due date of the receivables transferred, all of which are denominated in Euro, is fixed as December 31, 2018 and there is one position the holder of which is not resident in Italy.

LIABILITIES

Class A and B securities amounting to \leq 384,900,000 have a legal term up to November 2025 and their redemption is dependent on collections made on the transferred receivables.

Class C securities amounting to € 7,850,879 are dependent on the full redemption of principal amount and interest of A and B securities.

F.12 Breakdown by geographic area

The debtors who hold the loans are broken down according to geographic area as follows:

Due date		No. of positions	%	Residual debt	%
Italy		1.841	100%	56.225.837	100%
Member Countries of the Monetary Union		1	0%	8.474	0%
EU Countries non-members of the Monetary Union		0	0%	0	0%
Other		0	0%	0	0%
	Total	1.842	100%	56.234.311	100%

All receivables are denominated in Euro.

F.13 Risk concentration

Below the level of portfolio breakdown is shown by category.

Amount	No. of positions	%	Nominal Value	%
up to € 25,000	955	52%	11.550.995	21%
€ 25,000 to € 75,000	72	5 39%	28.568.424	51%
€ 75,000 to € 250,000	99	5%	11.736.804	21%
over € 250,000	5	0%	1.435.284	3%
Default	5	0%	206.147	0%
Bad debt	52	3%	2.736.657	5%
Total	1.842	100%	56.234.311	100%

Section 3 – Information on risks and hedging policies related thereto

3.1 Credit risk

The Company is not subject to credit risks. Securitized assets are segregated from corporate assets.

3.2 Market risk

a) ordinary management –

None

b) Segregated asset-None

3.3 Operating risks

Risks of losses caused by inefficiencies in business process, technologies systems failures, external events are the main reasons that might cause real and measurable Company loss.

According to Basilea's committee, unexpected loss are the consequences of four reasons: human mistakes, systems failures, procedures, and inadequate controls, external events. Operating risk is a pure risk, or, it is related only to negative elements connected with the event.

In order to face obligation related to securization, the Company ability depends only on third.

In order to face obligation related to securization, the Company ability depends only on third parties appointed of functions which are typical of an organisational structure and of internal control systems; the Company, indeed, by its nature has no employees.

3.4. Liquidity risk

The company theoretically bears no particular liquidity risks, since operating costs of the SPV are covered by the securitization operation flow. With regards to segregated asset, a swap agreement covers interest payments

Section 4 – EQUITY DATA

Company equity

4.1.1 Qualitative data

In accordance with what is permitted by Art. 3 of Law 130/1999 the Company is set up as a limited liability company and has a share capital of 10,000 euros.

In view of its sole business purpose, the Company's long-tern aim is to preserve its equity, covering operating costs by means of its segregated assets.

4.1.2 Quantitative data

4.1.2.1 Company equity: breakdown

	Item /Amount	30/06/2011	31/12/2010	30/06/2010
1.	Share capital	10,000	10,000	10,000
2.	Share premium	0	0	0
3.	Reserves			
	- of profits			
	a) legal	89	89	89
	b) provided for by the articles of association	0	0	0
	c) own shares	0	0	0
	d) other	0	0	0
	- other	617	617	617
4.	(Own shares)	0	0	0
5.	Valuation reserves			
	- Financial assets available for sale	0	0	0
	- Tangible fixed assets	0	0	0
	- Intangible fixed assets	0	0	0
	- Hedging of external investments	0	0	0
	- Hedging of financial flows	0	0	0
	- Exchange rate gains/losses	0	0	0
	- Non-current assets and discontinued operations	0	0	0

	- Special revaluation laws	0	0	0
	- Actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit plans	0	0	0
	- Portion of valuation reserves relating to shareholdings	0	0	0
	valued at net equity			
6.	Capital instruments	0	0	0
7.	Profit (Loss) for the period	0	0	0
		0	0	0
	Total	10,706	10,706	10,706

4.2 Regulatory capital and capital ratios

In view of the area of operations of the Company and what is reported in Section 4.1, the completion of this Section was deemed inapplicable.

Section 5 – DETAILED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

In accordance with what is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Profit/Loss of the Company is the same as its comprehensive income.

Section 6 – TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

6.1 Information on fees of managers with strategic responsibilities

Fees to Directors and Statutory Auditors

On April 29, 2012 the ordinary shareholders' meeting was held which resolved upon an annual fee (net of VAT and professionals welfare fund) in favour of the Sole Director of € 7,000 for this period.

The fee before VAT, professionals welfare fund and any out-of-pocket expenses incurred but not paid out in the first half of 2012 amounted to $\leq 4,408$.

The payments in question are governed at market conditions.

6.2 Loans and guarantees granted to directors and statutory auditors

No loans or guarantees have been granted in favour of the Sole Director.

The company has no Board of Statutory Auditors.

6.3 Information on transactions with related parties

Under Art. 2497 bis of the Civil Code, the company's capital and reserves are broken down as follows:

Stichting Melograno 3 - 50%

Stichting Melograno 4 - 50%

None of them is in charge of management and coordination.

As a result no transactions with related parties are reported.

Section 7 – Other Detailed Information

7.1 Average number of employees by category

The company has no personnel employed, as required by the law, therefore for conduction of its business it has recourse to independent service providers.

7.2 Management and coordination

It is reported that the Company is not subject to any management and coordination by third parties.

7.3 Fees invoiced by the auditing firm during the period 1/1-30/06/2012

During the period 1/01/2012 - 30/6/2012 the auditing firm invoiced fees net of VAT amounting to € 14.581,71.

These fees relate exclusively to auditing services.

The Sole Director
(Antonio Bertani)

STATEMENT OF VARIATIONS TAKING PLACE IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 30/06/2011

	Allocation of previous period's profit (loss)			Variations taking place in the period									
		Φ		Allocation of p	revious period's profit (loss)			Transactions	on capital and	reserves		1	
	Balance at 31/12/2010	Variation in opening balance	Balance at 1/1/2011	Reserves	Dividends and other appropriations	Variations taking place in reserves	Issue of new shares	Purchase of own shares	Extraordinary distribution of dividends	Variations in capital instruments	variations	Comprehensi ve income period 2011	Net asset as at 31/12/2011
Share capital	10.000		10.000										10.000
Share premium	0		0										0
Reserves:	0		0										0
a) of profits	706		706										706
b) other			0										0
Valuation reserves	0		0										0
Capital instruments	0		0										0
Own shares	0		0										0
Profit (Loss) for the period			0										0
Capital and reserves	10.706	0	10.706	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10.706

STATEMENT OF VARIATIONS TAKING PLACE IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 30/06/2012

	Allocation of previous period's profit (loss)				Variations taking place in the period								
		Φ		Allocation of p	revious period's profit (loss)			Transactions	on capital and	reserves		1	
	Balance at 31/12/2011	Variation in opening balance	Balance at 1/1/2012	Reserves	Dividends and other appropriations	Variations taking place in reserves	Issue of new shares	Purchase of own shares	Extraordinary distribution of dividends	Variations in capital instruments	variations	Comprehensi ve income in 1st half of 2012	Capital and reserves as at 30/06/2012
Share capital	10.000		10.000										10.000
Share premium	0		0										0
Reserves:	0		0										0
a) of profits	706		706										706
b) other			0										0
Valuation reserves	0		0										0
Capital instruments	0		0										0
Own shares	0		0										0
Profit (Loss) for the period			0										0
Capital and reserves	10.706	0	10.706	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10.706

CREDICO FINANCE 3 S.R.L.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

ITEMS – (IN EURO)	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
10. Profit (Loss) for the period	0	0	0
110. Total other income components net of taxes	0	0	0
120. Comprehensive income (Item 10+110)	0	0	0

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Direct method)

A. OPERATING ACTIVITY	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
1. Operations	0	0	0
- Interest receivable collected (+)	0	60	0
- Interest payable paid (-)			
- Dividends and similar revenues (+)			
- Net commission (+/-)			
- Staff costs (-)	(4.408)	(8.776)	(4.368)
- Other costs (-)	(63.638)	(105.064)	(54.641)
- Other income (+)	68.045	114.763	60.684
- Taxes and dues (-)	0	(983)	(1.675)
- costs/revenues relating to discontinued operations net of tax effect (+/-)	0	(555)	(1.070)
2. Cash flow generated/absorbed by financial assets	(2.501)	9.378	3.321
- Financial assets held for trading			
- investments assessed at fair value			
- Financial assets available for sale			
- Amounts receivable from banks			
- Amounts receivable from financial institutions			
- Amounts receivable from customers			
- Other assets	(2.501)	9.378	3.321
3. Cash flow generated/absorbed by financial liabilities	2.501	(9.468)	(3.321)
- Amounts owed to banks			
- Amounts owed to financial institutions			
- Amounts owed to customers			
- Outstanding securities			
- Financial liabilities held for trading			
- Financial liabilities valued at fair value			
- Other liabilities	2.501	(9.468)	(3.321)
Net cash flow generated/absorbed by operating activities	0	(90)	0
B. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
1. Cash flow generated by			
- Sales of equity investments			
- Dividends collected on equity investments			
- Sales/repayments of financial assets held to maturity			
- Sales of tangible fixed assets			
- Sales of intangible fixed assets			
- Sales of business branches			
1. Cash flow absorbed by			
- Purchases of equity investments			
- Purchases of financial assets held to maturity			

- Purchases of tangible fixed assets			
- Purchases of intangible fixed assets			
- Purchases of business branches			
Net cash flow generated/absorbed by investment activities			
C. FUNDING ACTIVITIES			
- Issue/purchase of own shares			
- Issue/purchase of capital instruments			
- Distribution of dividends and other purposes			
Net cash flow generated/absorbed by funding activities			
NET CASH FLOW GENERATED/ABSORBED IN THE PERIOD	0	(90)	0
NET CASH FLOW GENERATED/ADSORDED IN THE PERIOD	U	(90)	

RECONCILIATION	30/06/2012	31/12/2011	30/06/2011
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	7.331	7.421	7.421
Total net cash flow generated/absorbed during the period	0	(90)	0
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	7.331	7.331	7.421

Credico Finance 3 S.r.l.

Management Report

Semi-annual Financial Statements as at June 30, 2012

Shareholders.

I hereby submit to you for approval the semi-annual financial statements as at June 30, 2012, which close with a balance and capital and reserves of € 10,706, consisting of Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account, Statement of variations taking place in Capital and Reserves, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Cash Flow Statement and Explanatory Notes.

Credico Finance 3 Srl is a financial company, an SPV for financing operations through securitization, set up under Art. 3 of Law 130 of April 30, 1999, registered initially in the Special Roll in accordance with Art. 107 of T.U.B. (Consolidated Banking Act).

Following to the provision dated 25 September 2009, issued by the Official Journal dated 20 October 2009, Bank of Italy stated that, pursuant to art.107 of the Consolidated banking act, securitization SPV must be removed from the Register provided. Therefore, the Company, it is no longer enrolled in said special Register.

Legislative decree n.141 dated 2010, as modified by the Legislative decree n.218 of 2010, requires that securization SPV must be established as joint stock companies.

Following to the provision dated 29 April 2011, issued by the Official Journal n.110 dated 13 May 2011, Bank of Italy provided that, pursuant to art.11, securitization SPV, must be removed from the Register provided by the art. 106 of the Legislative Decree 385 of September 1st, 1993. Such SPVs at the date of the Provision in force (13 May 2011) appeared already enrolled in said Register. Therefore, these companies, after 14 of May 2011, have been enrolled in the list of SPVs of the Bank of Italy.

Technical instructions for interpretation of semi-annual financial statements

The semi-annual financial statements have been drawn up in compliance with the evaluation and measurement criteria set forth in International Financial Reporting Standards (Ifrs) and International Accounting Standards (Ias) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Commission according with the procedure stipulated by Art. 6 of (EC) Regulation No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council dated July 19, 2002. The EC Regulation has been fully applied in Italy following Legislative Decree 38 of February 28, 2005 which came into force on March 22, 2005. This regulation is also in line with what is set out by the Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries pursuant to art.107 of the Consolidated bank Law, of payment Institutions, Imels, Sgrs and Sims''dated 13 March 2012 issued by the Bank of Italy. However it has been established that the use of such schemes is compulsory only for Financial Intermediaries listed in the Special list pursuant to art. 107 of Consolidated bank Law.

In Part A "Accounting Policies" of the Explanatory Notes, the international accounting standards adopted are explained.

Items in the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account, Statement of variations taking place in Capital and Reserves and the Cash Flow Statement do not show any significant changes from the statements as at the first six-months of 2011.

Reference should be made to section F of the Explanatory Notes for information on the performance of the securitization transaction.

Business purpose

The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions pursuant to Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 as amended, through acquisition for a consideration of pecuniary receivables, both existing and future, identified by a common feature in the event of more than one receivable, funded through issue of securities under Articles 1, Para. 1, Lett. (b), and 5 of Law No. 130/99. The Company may also carry out receivable securitization transactions in the manner set out by Article 7 of Law 130/99. In compliance with the provisions of Law 130/99, receivables purchased by the Company as part of each securitization transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other securitization transactions performed by the Company for which no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted.

Each one of these segregated assets is exclusively intended for satisfying the rights intrinsic to the securities issued, by the Company or another Company, to fund the purchase of receivables forming part of the above mentioned assets, in addition to payment of costs of the associated securitization transaction. To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999, the Company may perform all additional transactions to be executed to successfully complete the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose, including assumption of loans and financing, pledges and other forms of guarantees, and carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets (including receivables having a similar nature as those being securitized) of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the securities mentioned in Articles 1, Para. 1, Lett. b) and 5 of Law 130/99 and costs of the transaction. If the conditions set out for each securitization transaction are met and for the benefit of the bearers of the securities issued by the Company as part of the transaction, the Company may also transfer the receivables purchased to third parties. If the conditions set out for each securitization transaction are met and for the benefit of the bearers of the securities issued by the Company as part of the transaction, the Company may also transfer the receivables purchased to third parties and carry out any of the activities permitted by Law 130/99. The Company may carry out its business both in Italy and abroad.

In June 2004, the Company carried out a securitization transaction of performing receivables transferred by the following 12 BCCs (Cooperative Credit Banks): BCC dell'Alba, BCC Bolognese (in 2008 this BCC was merged into BCC Emilbanca), BCC Carugate, BCC Castenaso, BCC Centropadana, BCC Emilbanca, BCC Monastier e del Sile, BCC Pordenonese, BCC S. Giorgio Valle Agno, BCC S. Giuseppe Camerano, BCC Valdarno and BCC Valdinievole. There are eleven BCCs existing at the balance sheet date. Full information is given about the securitization transaction in an annex to the Explanatory Notes in accordance with the provisions contained in the Ordinance of December 16, 2009 of the Bank of Italy, which is in charge of regulating the methods of preparing the financial statements of financial companies.

The transaction was previously submitted for examination by the Bank of Italy.

Own shares

The company does not possess own shares.

Shareholder relations

The share capital is broken down as follows:

50% Stichting Melograno 3

50% Stichting Melograno 4

The 11 Transferring BCCs carry out the function of Servicer on the basis of the specific "Servicing Contract".

They receive a commission equal to 0.40% annually for this service.

There are no transactions with shareholders of the Company.

Research and development activities

No specific research and development activities have been carried out.

Other information

Following appropriate internal audits, it is reported that the Company is not subject to any management and coordination activity by third parties as established by Legislative Decree 6/2003 and governed by Art. 2497 and following articles of the Civil Code.

Events taking place after the closing date of accounts

After June 30, 2012 the transaction progressed regularly.

On the first interest payment date of the year, 1 March and 1st June 2012, and in compliance with the Order of Priority of Payments established under contract, payments were made to company creditors, in particular: service providers, interest on securities, partial repayment of series A securities, interest due on derivative contract and residual interest on series C securities

Outlook

Considering the present intention not to carry out new securitization transactions, management will be dedicated to pursuing the existing transaction correctly.

Going Concern

In the preparation of financial statement, it has been made an analysis on the fact that the Company carries out activities for the duration of twelve months, starting from the reference date of the financial statement. In order to draw up such conclusion, we took into account all the available information and the specific activities carried out by the Company, whose aim is to execute securitization transfers, in accordance with Law n.130 of April 30 1999.

As a consequence, financial statements have been prepared with the prospective of going concern of the Company, considering the fact that there are no reasons for not going on with its activities.

Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures "Principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems present in relation to the process of financial reporting" pursuant to Art. 123-bis, Para 2, Lett. b), TUF.

The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions pursuant to Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 (hereinafter "Law 130/1999"), through acquisition for a consideration of pecuniary receivables, both existing and future, funded through issue of securities under Articles 1, Para. 1, Lett. (b), of Law No. 130/99 In compliance with the provisions of the said law, receivables purchased by the Company as part of each securitization transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other securitization transactions performed by the Company for which no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted. To the extent permitted by Law 130/1999, the Company may perform all additional financial transactions to be executed to successfully complete the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose, as well as carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the above-mentioned securities.

In the context of the above business purpose, the Company began a securitization transaction in June 2004 by purchasing a block of loans from 12 BCCs for an overall nominal value of € 392,750,879. For the purposes of purchasing these securities the Company issued asset-backed securities listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange as well as junior securities. The Company entered into specific Interest Rate Swap contracts as protection against risks solely related to fluctuations of the interest rate on coupons for securities issued as part of the securitization.

As a result, under Art. 123-bis of Legislative Decree 58 of February 24, 1998, management reports of companies who issue securities admitted to trading in regulated markets must contain a specific section called "Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures" which, as per Para. 2, Letter b) of the said Article, states the information relating to "the principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems present in relation to the process of financial reporting, including consolidated financial reporting, where applicable".

In this respect it is noted that the Company has no employees nor it is required to employ any employees. The company makes use of appointed ad hoc agents for the purpose of pursuing its business purpose and therefore also in relation to risk management and internal control systems for the financial reporting process. The contractual documentation of the securitization transaction governs the appointment of agents and the specific activities each agent is expected to perform for the Company. This information is also contained in Part D, Section F.3, of the Explanatory Notes.

The agents are appointed from among persons who perform duties assigned by the Company in a professional manner. Agents must complete their assignments in compliance with governing regulations and in such a way as to allow the Company to promptly comply with the obligations deriving from the securitization documents and from law.

The main roles covered by such agents are as follows:

- (i) The Servicers, responsible for the existence of transferred receivables and watch over their existence or non-existence. In particular, they are in charge of managing receivables, any default status and maintaining guarantees, taking care of the necessary documentation;
- (ii) The Corporate Servicer, responsible for the Company's administrative and accounting management;
- (iii) The Cash Manager, Computation Agent and Paying Agent, who perform collection management, interest calculation and payment services.

Specifically, the Servicer is the "party appointed to collect the transferred receivables and to perform collection and payment services" pursuant to Article 2, Para. 3, Lett. (c) of Law 130/1999. In accordance with Art. 2, Para. 6 of Law 130/1999 the Servicer may be a bank or intermediary entered on the Special Roll pursuant to Art. 107 of Legislative Decree No. 385 of September 1, 1993 and is responsible for verifying compliance of the transactions with law and the prospectus.

Also pursuant to the Bank of Italy Ordinance of August 23, 2000, Servicers are responsible for both operational tasks and for guaranteeing the correct implementation of securitization transactions in the interest of investors and, in general, of the market.

Lastly, it should be mentioned that the financial information contained in the (semi-annual) financial statements are mainly prepared by the Corporate Servicer based on data provided by the party in charge of managing the receivables purchased.

The company's governing body performs regular monitoring of the aforementioned agents and approves the financial statements.

Allocation of profit (loss) for the period

Shareholders,

I therefore invite you to approve the semi-annual financial statements ended as at 31.12.2010 which close with a balance.

The Sole Director
Antonio Rertani

Certification

of the abridged half-year financial statements as at 30.06.2012 pursuant to Art. 81-ter of Consob Regulation No. 11971 of May 14, 1999 as amended and integrated

1. The undersigned:

Mr Antonio Bertani, in his capacity as Sole Director and manager in charge of preparing the company's accounting documents, of Credico Finance 3 Srl, having also taken into account what is provided for by Art. 154-bis, Paragraphs. 3 and 4 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of February 24, 1998, certifies that:

- documents are adequate in relation to the characteristics of the business;
- the administrative and accounting procedures for drawing up the abridged halfyear financial statements as at 30.06.2012 have actually been applied.
- 2. It is reported that the Company's sole business purpose is the securitization of loans pursuant to Law no.130 dated 30 April 1999 as subsequently modified and integrated, by the purchase for a valuable consideration of current and future receivables, which can be identified in bulk if the purchase regards a mass of receivables. The transaction must be financed by the issuing of securities pursuant to article 1 and 5 of Law no. 130/1999. The Company's asset is exempted from any direct risks.
- 3. It is also certified that:
- 3.1 The abridged half-year financial statements as at 30.06.2012:
 - a) Have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and the International Accounting Standards (IAS/IFRS), in compliance with the provisions of Legislative Decree 38/2005 and the information in the Ordinance of the Bank of Italy of December 16, 2009 " *Instructions for preparation*

of financial statements of financial intermediaries listed in the special register, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)".

Information on securitization is reported in a specific section of the explanatory notes and does not form part of the actual financial statements. Consequently, amounts relating to securitization have not been impacted by the application of IAS/IFRS standards.

As regards these transactions, according to the Bank of Italy:

- Accounting information relating to each securitization transaction should be stated separately in the explanatory notes;
- Information should include all qualitative and quantitative data necessary for a clear and thorough representation of each transaction.
- b) Correspond to the amounts shown in the accounting records and books.
- c) Are able to provide a true and fair view of the financial situation of the Issuer.
- 3.2 The half-yearly management report on operations includes a reliable analysis of the main business events occurred during the first six months of the year and the impact of such events on the half-yearly abridged balance sheet. Report also analyses the situation of the Issuer, together with a description of the main risks and uncertainties to which it is exposed.

Rome, August 22, 2012

Mr Antonio Bertani – Sole Director and manager in charge of preparing the company's accounting documents