CREDICO FINANCE 5 S.R.L.

Largo Chigi 5 - 00187 Rome

Tax code and registration number in

Rome Companies Register: 08619581005

Rome R.E.A. (Economic Administrative Index) No.: 1106800

MINUTES OF THE QUOTAHOLDERS' MEETING OF APRIL 27, 2012

The Quotaholders' Meeting of "CREDICO FINANCE 5 S.r.l.", company listed in the Register of the special purpose vehicle of Banca d'Italia at the n. 37101, was held on April 27, 2012 at 10.45 a.m. at the office of Mr Bertani in Rome, Salita San Nicola da Tolentino, to discuss and resolve upon the following

Agenda

- Examination and approval of the financial statements and explanatory notes as at December 31, 2011; management report on operations, corporate governance report; auditors' report; related resolutions;
- 2. Determination of the Sole Director's remuneration for 2012.

At the unanimous agreement of those present, the meeting was presided over by the Sole Director, Mr Antonio Bertani, who established that:

- The meeting had been duly called by notice sent via fax on April 17, 2012;
- The quotaholder Stichting Melograno 3, holder of a holding of Euro 5,000 amounting to 50% of the subscribed capital, was represented by proxy (verified and filed in the Company's documents) by Mrs Tiziana Petrocelli connected by teleconference:
- The quotaholder Stichting Melograno 4, holder of a holding of Euro 5,000 amounting to 50% of the subscribed capital, was represented by proxy (verified and filed in the Company's documents) by Mrs Tiziana Petrocelli connected by teleconference.

The attendances indicated above are documented in Appendix A attached.

The Chairman also requested the quotaholders present to point out if any of them were not entitled to vote as set out by the laws in force and established that none of the quotaholders had declared that they were not entitled to vote.

The Chairman also pointed out that, in order to check that the Quotaholders' Meeting was duly constituted and that the quotaholders were entitled to vote it had been performed by the Company, which had showed that no one was not entitled to vote, check of what was contained in the Quotaholders Register and what was recorded in the Companies Register.

The Chairman then pointed out that, on the basis of the information available, there were no impediments to voting rights being exercised. He thus declared the meeting validly constituted to proceed with business.

With the consent of the meeting, the Chairman requested Mrs Daniela Celletti, who accepted, to act as Minutes Secretary.

He then turned to the items on the Agenda.

1. <u>Examination and approval of the financial statements and explanatory</u> notes as at December 31, 2011; management report on operations; corporate governance report; auditors' report; related resolutions

The Chairman briefly presents the financial statements as at 31.12.2011, which reported break-even results, and read out the management report on operations and the report on corporate governance and the company's ownership structure.

The Chairman reminded the meeting that Paragraph 1 of Article 123-bis of TUF has introduced the obligation for the company to prepare the Report on corporate governance and the company's ownership structure, that is a specific part of the Company's management report.

The Chairman reminds that it is prepared the certification of the manager in charge of preparing the Company's accounting documents envisaged by Art. 154-bis, Para. 5 of

The Chairman read out the auditor's report and reminds that the documents mentioned would be attached to these Minutes and would therefore be written in the quotaholder meeting minute book.

The Chairman opened the discussion and invite the meeting to vote on the first item on the Agenda. The meeting, after an exhaustive debate, having acknowledged what the Chairman had said and the auditor's report, voting unanimously (equal 100% of the share capital) and resolved to approve the financial statements as at December 31, 2011, as prepared.

The Chairman reminds that the company is exempt from the obligations arising from the provisions of art. 154-ter TUF pursuant to the provisions of art. 83 Consob Regulation which provides that: "the obligations of the preparation and publication of financial reports provided by art. 154-ter TUF are not applied to securitization companies with Italy as original Member State. Said Companies only issue debt securities for negotiation within a controlled market, amounting to a unit value of 50,000 euros".

The Chairman points out that, due to the fact the applicability of the third paragraph of art. 77 of the Consob Regulations has not been clarified yet, as a conservative estimate, procedures required by the third paragraph of art. 77 of Consob Regulation will be performed and, in particular, the Sole administrator will provide the customers with the current minutes of the meeting at the headquarters. He will also provide with the Company's website, and it will transmit it to Consob as online collection and finally, he will issue the news of the annual financial report approved, on a national news paper, pointing out that the minutes of the meeting is available for the customers.

2. <u>Determination of the Sole Director's remuneration for 2012</u>

By invitation of the Chairman, the representative of the quotaholders, Mrs Tiziana Petrocelli, took the floor and proposed to establish overall remuneration for the Sole Director for 2012 of Euro 7,000, including the cost of the limited liability insurance

policy of directors and statutory auditors, payable in two instalments falling due on 30.05.2012 and 30.11.2012.

With the unanimous vote of those present with voting rights (equal to 100% of the subscribed capital), the meeting approved the proposal to assign the Sole Director, Mr Antonio Bertani, overall remuneration for 2012 of Euro 7,000, including the cost of the limited liability insurance policy of directors and statutory auditors, payable in two instalments falling due on 30.05.2012 and 30.11.2012.

There being no other business to discuss and no further requests for the floor, the Chairman declared the meeting adjourned at 10.55 a.m.

The Secretary The Chairman

Mrs Daniela Celletti Mr Antonio Bertani

ANNEX A

COMPANY CREDICO FINANCE 5 S.R.L.

QUOTAHOLDERS' MEETING OF APRIL 27, 2012

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL OF EURO 10,000	

List of participants

QUOTAHOLDER	Represented by:	Equity Investment %
Stichting Melograno 3	Tiziana Petrocelli	50%
	meets in teleconference	
Stichting Melograno 4	Tiziana Petrocelli	50%
	meets in teleconference	
Total subscribed capital		10,000
Euro		
SECRETARY	Daniela Celletti	
CHAIRMAN	Antonio Bertani	

The Sole Director

Antonio Bertani

BALANCE SHEET

as at December 31, 2011 (amounts stated in €)

	2011	2010
BALANCE SHEET		
ASSETS		
60 Loans and receivables	7,226	7,333
140 Other assets	29,652	38,728
TOTAL ASSETS	36,878	46,060

	2011	2010
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
70 Tax liabilities (a) current (b) deferred	683	93 93
90 Other liabilities	25,577	35,349
120 Share capital	10,000	10,000
160 Reserves	618	618
180 Net profit (Loss) for the period	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	36,878	46,060

INCOME STATEMENT

as at December 2011 (amounts stated in €)

	2011	2010
10 Interest and similar income	38	6
Nethernethe	30	
Net interest income Gross income	38	6
110 Administrative expenses:	(125,931)	(126,546)
a) personnel expenses	(8,775)	(9,023)
b) other administrative expenses	(117,156)	(117,523)
160 Other operating income and expenses	(126,974)	(126,930)
Net operating income	1,081	390
Profit (Loss) before tax on continuing operations	1,081	390
190 Income tax expense from continuing operations	(1081)	(390)
Profit (Loss) after tax on continuing operations	0	0
Net profit (Loss) for the period	0	0

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2011

CORPORATE BUSINESS

The Company was incorporated on July 29, 2005 with the sole business purpose of performing credit securitization transactions under Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999.

FORM AND CONTENT OF THE EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Explanatory Notes are broken down into the following parts:

Part A – Accounting Policies

Part B – Information on the Balance Sheet

Part C – Information on the Income Statement

Part D – Other information

Each part of the Explanatory Notes is broken down into sections that illustrate every aspect of corporate operations. The above sections include both qualitative and quantitative information.

PART A - ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A.1 General Information

Section 1: Declaration of compliance with international accounting standards

The financial statements as at 31/12/2011 are drawn up in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards and International Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as "Ifrs", "Ias", or international accounting standards).

The IAS/IFRS international accounting standards, issued by the IASB (International Accounting Standards Board), are a whole series of standard criteria for preparing financial statements of companies in order to make them easily comparable within a context characterised by growing competition and globalisation.

On a European level, the application of the IAS/IFRS standards was made a requirement for consolidated financial statements of listed companies by EC Regulation No. 1606 of July 19, 2002.

The European Community completed the standardization process of the IAS/IFRS standards, which was necessary for their application, in December 2004, with the approval of IAS standard 39 relating to financial instruments.

On a national level, as part of the options allowed by the EC Regulation, Legislative Decree No. 38 of February 28, 2005 also widened the application of the IAS/IFRS standards to individual financial statements (optional for 2005 and mandatory for 2006) of listed companies, banks, financial institutions under surveillance and non-listed insurance companies.

The Financial statements have been provided as required by "Institutions for preparing financial statements and accounts of the financial intermediaries pursuant to ex art.107 of the "TUB" (Consolidated banking Law) of the Payments Institutions, of IMEL(ELMI/Electronic Money Institution), of the SGR and of SIM (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries) dated 13 March 2012 issued by the Bank of Italy. However such schemes are compulsory only for Financial intermediaries enrolled in the Special Register provided by the art. 107 of TUB.

Such schemes were employed in order to provide information on the Company's financial position, economic results and cash flows that might be useful for users in taking financial decisions. These schemes are deemed also relevant, trustworthy, comparable and understandable, with regard to the SPV's corporate management and the segregated assets.

On the basis of what is set out by Legislative Decree 38/2005, the choice relating to the application of the IAS/IFRS standards may not be reversed.

In compliance with the provisions of Legislative Decree 38/2005, Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. adopted the IAS/IFRS standards in preparing its individual financial statements from the 2006 period onwards.

Amounts in the financial statements are stated in €, which is the Company's functional currency. Accounting statements and explanatory notes, unless otherwise indicated, are stated in € units.

Section 2: General preparation principles

The financial statements consist of balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in quotaholders' equity, the statement of cash flows and the explanatory notes to the financial statements, and are accompanied by the annual report prepared by the Sole Director. The balance sheet and profit and loss account consist of items, sub-items and additional detailed information (namely, the "of which" of items and sub-items).

The financial statements are drawn up according to the general principles set forth in the framework for preparation and presentation of financial statements and special attention has been paid to the basic principles of prevalence of substance over form, going concern and relevance and significance of information.

The financial statements are drawn up on an accrual and going concern basis.

Items where no amounts are shown for the financial statements of this period and those of the previous one have not been reported.

The explanatory notes include the information required by the Ordinance of the Bank of Italy dated 13 March 2012 "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries listed in the special register, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" and the additional data required under international accounting standards.

Financial assets and liabilities have been reported in the explanatory notes in compliance with the administrative directives issued by the Bank of Italy pursuant to Art. 9 of Legislative Decree 38/2005 and in accordance with international accounting standards, segregating the assets in the securitization transaction from the Company's assets. This approach is also in line with the provisions of Law No. 130/99, according to which receivables relating to each transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the company and those relating to other transactions.

For the sake of completeness, it should be noted that, in accordance with IAS 39 of the international accounting standards, the accounting treatment of investments and/or groups of financial assets and

liabilities originating from securitization transactions is still being, examined by the bodies responsible for the interpretation of the accounting standards.

Securitization transactions

From an accounting standpoint, securitization has been reported in compliance with the "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial brokers listed in the special roll, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" issued by the Bank of Italy with its Ordinance of March 13, 2012.

The provisions included in the Instructions appear to be in line with the content of the previous Ordinance of April 2000 and what is set out by Law 130/99 (the "Securitization Act"), which states that "receivables relating to each transaction represent assets segregated in all respects from those of the company and those relating to other transactions".

Information relating to securitization is reported in a specific section of the explanatory notes and does not form part of the actual financial statements. Amounts relating to securitization have therefore not been impacted by the application of IAS/IFRS standards.

As regards these transactions, the Bank of Italy has expressly provided that:

- a) Accounting information relating to each securitization transaction is separately stated in the Explanatory Notes to the Financial Statements;
- b) Information should include all qualitative and quantitative data necessary for a clear and thorough representation of each transaction.

In particular, the Bank of Italy demands that the minimum quantity of data indicated below is reported in the explanatory notes.

Part D "Other information" must include a section where at least the following information is summarised: amount of receivables purchased (nominal and transfer value); amount of securities issued, broken down by class of securities with respective degree of subordination. Disclosure is based on the provision which requires that all information should be given that may be useful to provide a complete picture of the situation, even though not expressly required. On the contrary, information that due to its nature or excessive content might make information included in the document less clear and immediate should be omitted.

For each transaction performed a specific section ("F") should be drawn up, where at least the following information is to be included:

Qualitative disclosures:

- description and progress of transaction;
- involved parties;
- description of issues;
- additional financial transactions;
- operating authority of the transferee company and of the issuer, if other than the transferee.

Ouantitative disclosure:

- status of receivables at the time of transfer; positive and negative adjustments taking place up to the closing date of accounts; status of receivables at the end of the period;
- variations taking place in overdue receivables;
- cash flows in the period;
- status of guarantees and liquidity facilities;
- breakdown of securitized assets and liabilities by residual life;
- breakdown of securitized assets by geographic area;
- information on the level of portfolio breakdown.

More information on securitization can be found under Letter "F" of Part D "Other Information" of these Explanatory Notes.

Section 3: Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

During the period between the balance sheet date and the approval date of these financial statements, no events took place such as to impact operations and business results. Securitization has been progressing in line with expectations.

A.2: PART RELATING TO THE MAIN ITEMS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

Recording criteria

Loans and receivables consist of investments with clients and banks, which involve payments that are fixed and at any rate can be determined, and which are not listed on an active market. The item corresponds to the total of deposits and current accounts in credit held at banks.

Classification criteria

Loans and receivables have not been classified at the start under investments held for sale.

Measurement criteria

Loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost. This principle is not applied to less than short-term receivables, in which the corresponding valuation has been carried out at their original value. At each closing date, receivables are assessed to check whether there is objective proof of impairment.

Derecognition criteria

Loans and receivables are derecognised when the asset in question is transferred, substantially shifting all connected risks and benefits, when contractual rights come into effect or when the receivable is considered to be definitively unrecoverable.

Criteria for recognizing income components

Income components correspond to revenues originating from interest payable on bank current accounts.

TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Recording, classification, measurement, derecognition and criteria for recognizing income components

Current taxation

The balance sheet includes tax payables and receivables net of the advance payments made and withholdings carried out.

Current tax assets and liabilities are recorded at the amount due or recoverable against the taxable basis of the period calculated in accordance with the laws in force.

OTHER ASSETS

Recording, classification, measurement, derecognition and criteria for recognizing income components

Receivables arising from charge back of costs incurred in favour of segregated assets are recorded when the service has been fully provided or costs have been incurred, i.e. at the time when the Company is entitled to receive payment.

OTHER LIABILITIES

Recording, classification, measurament derecognition and criteria for recognizing income components

These are recorded at their nominal value with settlement forecast within the Company's normal operating cycle with no deferrals foreseen.

SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital is reported net of unpaid subscribed capital.

COSTS AND REVENUES

Recording, classification, measurement and derecognition criteria

Costs and revenues are shown in the financial statements depending on their nature and on an accrual basis.

Costs are recorded in the profit and loss account when there is a decrease in future economic benefits, which involves a reduction in assets or an increase in liabilities whose value is reliably determined. Revenues are recorded in the profit and loss account when there is an increase in future economic benefits, involving an increase in assets or a decrease in liabilities that can be reliably determined. Costs and revenues are matched by directly matching the costs incurred with the specific items of revenue obtained.

Considering the exclusive operations performed by the Company, as provided for by contract operating charges incurred are charged to the segregated assets insofar as it is necessary to ensure the financial equilibrium of the Company. This amount is classified in "other operating income".

A.3: INFORMATION ON FAIR VALUE

This part has not been completed since the Company does not own any financial instruments valued at fair value.

PART B – INFORMATION ON THE BALANCE SHEET

Amounts in balance sheet are stated in €.

ASSETS

Section 6 – Loans and receivable (Item 60)

6.1 "Due from banks"

2011	2010
7,226	7,333

This item consists of the positive balance of bank current accounts.

Breakdown 31/12/2011 31/12/2010

1. Deposits and current accounts 7,226 7,333

- 2. Financing
 - 2.1 Repurchase agreements
 - 2.2 Finance lease
 - 2.3 Factoring
 - with recourse
 - without recourse
 - 2.4 Other financing
- 3. Debt securities
 - structured securities
 - other debt securities
- 4. Other assets

Total Book Value	7,226	7,333
Total Fair Value	7,226	7,333

This item consists of the positive balance of current account No. 29246 held at Iccrea Banca, and includes interest accrued at the balance sheet date.

Section 12 - Tax Assets and Tax Liabilities (Item 120 under assets and Item 70 under liabilities)

This item includes tax assets and liabilities (current and deferred).

12.1 Breakdown of Item 120 "Tax assets: current and deferred"

For the year 2011 there are no changes.

		2011	2010
Tax assets			
	1. Current	683	93
	2. Deferend		
Total		683	93

This item consists of the following:

	2011	2010
Withholding tax paid	10	2
Advanced Corporate Income tax	105	39
Advanced Regional Income tax	283	256
Corporate income tax receivable	289	107
Regional income tax payable	792	(283)
Total current tax liabilities	(683)	(93)

The withholding taxes paid, amounting to Euro 16, are the withholdings carried out on interest receivable accrued as at December 31, 2011.

During the 2011 period, regional tax and corporate income tax on business were horizontally offset, resulting in a total of Euro 509 of regional tax on business payable and 174 of corporate income tax at the balance sheet date.

Section 14 - Other assets (Item 140)

14.1 Composition of Item 140 "Other assets"

Other assets consist of the following:

-	2011	2010
General overheads transitory account	29,652	38.728
Total other assets	29,652	38,728

The general overheads transitory account substantially consists of the receivable resulting from charge-back of costs and income from corporate to segregated assets as provided for by contract. At the end of the year, it was considered appropriate that the asset and liability items be offset to segregated assets. In fact, "amounts owed to SPV" mainly resulted from payment of costs which, at year-end, have been charged back.

LIABILITIES

Section 9 – Other Liabilities (Item 90)

9.1 Breakdown of Item 90 "Other liabilities"

Other liabilities consist of:

	2011	2010
- Amounts owed to suppliers	23,835	34,552
- Invoices to be received	1,031	753
- Tax withholdings payable for self-employed workers	711	44
TOTAL	25,577	35,349

Detail of amounts owed to suppliers is reported below:

- FIS S.p.a.	23,835
Total	23,835

Below is the detail of invoices to be received:

- FIS S.p.a.	318
- Wilmington	503
Notaio Grassi	210
Total	1,031

Invoices to be received relate to the expenses for managing the two Stichtings which hold equity holdings of the company and the fees of FIS for the service provided involving the preparation of F24 forms.

Section 12 – Quotaholders' equity (Items 120, 130, 140 and 150)

12.1 Breakdown of Item 120 "Share Capital"

Туре			31/12/2011	31/12/2010
1.	Share Cap	ital	10,000	10,000
	1.1	Ordinary shares	No. 0	No. 0
	1.2	Other shares	No. 0	No. 0

The Subscribed Capital is fully subscribed and paid up, and is broken down as follows:

Shareholders	Percentage of Equity Investment	Nominal Value of Equity Investment
Stichting Melograno 3	50%	5,000
Stichting Melograno 4	50%	5,000

12.5 Other information

			Prof	it reserves	Other:		
Type/v	value		Legal	Extraordinar y	Restatemen t reserves	Other reserves	Total
A.	Openin	ng balance	88	530			618
B.	Increase	e					
	B.1	Allocations					
	B.2	Other variations					
C.	Decreas	se					
	C.1	Uses					
		losses cover					
		distribution					
		transfer of capital					
	C.2	Other variations					
D.	Closing	g balance	88	530	0		618

With regards to the distributability of the reserves, reference is made to the following table.

D	Amount	D	Available share f	Summary of utilisation carried out in the prior three periods		
Description	Amount	Possibility of use		for coverage of losses	for other reasons	
Profit reserves:						
Legal reserve	88	В				
Extraordinary reserve	530	A,B,C	530			
Other:						
Restatement reserve						
Retained earnings		В				
Non-distributable portion	88					
Distributable portion			530			

Key

A for capital increase

B for coverage of losses

C for distribution to shareholders

PART C - INFORMATION ON THE INCOME STATEMENT

Section 1 – Interest (Items 10 and 20)

1.1 Breakdown of Item 10 "Interest and similar income"

The item "interest receivable" consists of interest on amounts due from credit institutions.

Item/Type		Debt securities	Loans	Other transaction	Total 31/12/2011	Total 31/12/2010
1. Financia	al assets held for trading					
2. Financia	al assets at fair value					
3. Financia	al assets available for sale					
4. Financia 5. Receivable	al assets held to maturity			38	38	6
5.1	Due from banks					
5.2	Due from financial institutions					
5.3	Loans to customers					
6.	Other assets					
7.	Hedging derivatives					
Total				38	38	6

Section 9 – Administrative expenses (Item 110)

9.1 Breakdown of Item 110.a "Staff costs"

Item/Segments	2011	2010
1. Employees		
a) wages and salaries		
b) social security costs		
c) employee termination indemnity		
d) welfare costs		
e) provision for employee termination indemnity		
f) provisions for retirement benefits and similar commitments:		
- defined contribution plans		
- defined benefit plans		
h) other costs		
2. Other personnel		
3. Directors and Statutory Auditors	8,775	9,023
4. Staff laid off		
5. Cost recoveries for staff seconded to other companies		
6. Reimbursements for staff seconded to the company		
Total	8,775	9,023

The item relates solely to the Sole Director's remuneration for the 2010 period. The Company has no Board of Statutory Auditors.

9.3 Breakdown of Item 110.b "Other administrative expenses"

	2011	2010
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Total	117,156	117,523
- other charges	84	0
- revenue stamps and filing costs	130	130
- stamp duty	77	76
- government tax for corporate books	310	310
- annual Chamber of Commerce fees	200	200
- translations and publications	983	1,351
- bank charges	60	60
- Stichting operating costs	2,137	1,867
- financial statements audit	19,145	19,280
- tax and administrative advisory services	93,723	91,751
- legal and notary public advisory fees	307	2,498

Section 14 – Other operating income and charges (Item 160)

14.1 Breakdown of Item 160 "Other operating income and expenses"

Item		2011	2010
1. Income			
1.1 Revaluations			
1.2 Profit from disposals			
1.3 Reversal			
1.4 Other income		126,974	126,930
2. Charges			
2.1 Write downs			
2.2 Losses from disposals			
2.3 Impaiment write-downs			
2.4 Other charges			0
	Net result	126,974	126,930

The item other income relates to the general overheads transitory account which is broken down as follows

	2011
- notary and legal advisory services	307
- tax and administrative consulting services	93,723
- financial statements' auditing	19,145
- Stichting management charges	2,137
- Sole Director's remuneration	8,775
- expenses for translations and publications	983
- bank charges	60
- annual fee due to the Chamber of Commerce for	200
Industry, Agriculture and Handicrafts	
- government tax for corporate books	310
- stamp duty	77
-revenue stamps and filing costs	130
Other charges	84
- Corporate income tax	289
- Regional tax on business	792
- rounding up	(38)
Total	126,974

Section 17 – Income tax expense from continuing operations (Item 190)

This item includes the tax burden, as the difference between current and deferred taxation, relating to the income for the period.

17.1 Breakdown of Item 190 "Income tax expense from operation"

		31/12/2011	31/12/2010
1.	Current taxe – IRES/IRAP (Corporate income tax/regional tax on business)	1,081	3
2.	Change in current tax for previous years	0	
3.	Reduction in current tax this year	0	
4.	Change in prepaid tax	O	
5.	Change in deferred taxe	O	
Inc	come tax for the year	1,081	3

The value of taxes in 2011 originates from the calculation made in accordance with current rules and regulations.

17.2 Reconciliation between the theoretical tax charge and the actual tax charge in the financial statements

	Taxable amount	Tax rate	Tax
Theoretical IRES	1,081	27.50%	297
Increases adjustment	0	27.50%	0
Decreases adjustment	(31)	27.50%	(8)
Actual IRES	1,050	27,50%	289
Theoretical IRAP	1,081	5.57%	60
Increases adjustment			
10% of other administrative costs	20,490	5.57%	1,141
Decreases adjustment		5.57%	
General deduction	(7,350)	5.57%	(409)
Actual IRAP	14,221	5,57%	792

In compliance with Art. 23, paragraph 5 of Law 98/2011, the tax-rate of the Regional tax on business which is applicable for the tax period 2011 for the Region Lazio, it is equal to 5.57%.

PART D - OTHER INFORMATION

D – GUARANTEES ISSUED AND COMMITMENTS

D.1 – Value of guarantees issued and commitments

The Company has not issued any guarantees to third parties, nor are there any commitments other than those reported in section F.

D.3 – Other information

The Company does not have any off-balance-sheet transactions under way at December 31, 2011 other than those indicated in section F.

F - SECURITIZATION OF RECEIVABLES

Layout, Form and Valuation Criteria used in preparing the summary table of securitized assets and securities issued.

The layout and form of the summary table are in line with those laid out by the Ordinance of the Bank of Italy of March 29, 2000, "Financial Statements of receivable securitization companies", as updated by the "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of the financial intermediaries of the payments Institutions of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)" issued by the Bank of Italy on 13 march 2012, pursuant to art. 107 of the Consolidated Banking Act,

For reasons of comparison, the data from the previous period have been provided.

As in the previous section of the explanatory notes, amounts are stated in € units, unless otherwise indicated. Below the valuation criteria adopted for the most significant items are shown which, in accordance with the Instructions of the Bank of Italy indicated above, are in line with the criteria provided for by Legislative Decree 87/92.

Securitized assets

Securitized assets are recorded at nominal value, which is the presumed realisable value, net of write downs.

Employment of available funds and Amounts receivable from banks

Receivables, which represent balances current accounts in credit held with credit institutions, are shown at the nominal value corresponding to the presumed realisable value.

Securities issued

Securities issued are recorded at their respective nominal values. C-series securities are part of the limited recourse "asset-backed" category of securities and are repaid using the amounts originating from the collection of the receivables being transferred only.

Other Liabilities, Accruals and Deferrals

Liabilities are recorded at nominal value.

Accruals and deferrals have been determined on an accrual basis, applying the principle of matching costs with revenues in the period in which they were earned and incurred.

Interest, Commissions, Other Income and Charges

Costs and revenues relating to securitized assets and securities issued, interest, commissions, proceeds, and other charges and income have been recorded on an accrual basis.

Derivative contracts

The differential on the Interest Rate Swap contract, entered into in order to hedge the risk of interest rate fluctuation, is recorded under charges on an accrual basis.

F.1 SUMMARY STATEMENT OF SECURITIZED ASSETS AND SECURITIES ISSUED

	Balance at December 31, 2011	Balance at December 31, 2010
	(Euros units)	(Euros units)
A. Securitized assets	156,022,822	189,579,515
A1 Loans	155,351,355	188,963,730
Nominal Value	155,351,355	188,963,730
A2 Securities		
A3 Other	671,467	615,785
A3 a) Interest accrued on loans existing at December 31	671,467	615,785
B. Utilisation of income from loan management	34,262,811	15,618,639
B1 Debt securities		
B2 Equity securities		
B3 Cash	34,262,811	15,618,639
B3 a) Cash in current account	23,182,644	15,234,572
B3b) Due from Deutsche London for investments	10,693,347	0
B3 c) Other	386,820	384,067
C. Securities issued (nominal value)	164,284,348	199,499,708
C1 Class A securities (series 1)	136,338,423	171,553,783
C2 Class B securities (series 2)	18,600,000	18,600,000
C3 Class C securities (series 3)	9,345,925	9,345,925
D. Borrowings	20,665,838	435,332
E. Other liabilities	5,335,447	5,263.114
E1 Due to corporate management	29,652	38,728
E2 Suppliers	358,888	174,605
E3 Due to lending banks for interest matured	0	0
E4 Accrued liabilities on A and B securities issued	669,182	505,198
E5 Excess spread on C securities issued	3,990,497	4,231,211
E6 Differential on Swap	52,479	158,860
E7 Payables to BCC for expenditure fund	50,000	50,000
E8 Other	184,748	104,512
F. Interest expense from securities issued	3,514,933	4,494,420
F1 Interest on A and B securities	2,568,324	1,961,359
F2 Excess spread on C securities issued	946,609	2,533,061
G. Commissions and fees charged to the transaction	906,057	885,454
G1 for servicing	722,493	719,246
G2 for other services	183,564	166,208
H. Other charges	889,579	752,922
H1 Due on negative swap spreads	447,539	554,274
H2 Other	442,040	198,648
I. Interest generated from securitisations	5,242,163	5,719,756
L, Other revenues	68,405	413,040
L1 Interest income from current accounts and investments	68,371	40,990
L2 Other	34	372,050

QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES

F.2 DESCRIPTION AND PROGRESS OF TRANSACTION.

On December 14, 2005, the following entities:

- Banca del Centroveneto Credito Cooperativo Longare, with registered office in in Longare (VI),
 Via Ponte di Costozza 12;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Anghiari e Stia, with registered office in Anghiari (AR), Mazzini 17;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Vignole, with registered office in Vignole (Quarrata) (PT), Piazza IV Novembre 108;
- Banca del Valdarno Credito Cooperativo, with registered office in San Giovanni Valdarno (AR), Piazza della Libertà 26;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Marcon-Venezia, with registered office in Marcon (VE), Piazza Municipio 22;
- Banca della Maremma Credito Cooperativo di Grosseto, with registered office in *Frazione* Marina di Grosseto, Via XXIV Maggio 93;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Doberdò e Savogna, with registered office in Doberdò del Lago (Gorizia), Via Roma 23;
- Banca Suasa Credito Cooperativo, with registered office in *Frazione* San Michele al Fiume (PS), Via Vittorio Emanuele 1
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo Pordenonese, with registered office in Azzano Decimo (PN), Via Trento 1;
- Banca di Udine Credito Cooperativo, with registered office in Udine, Viale Trigesimo 85
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Alba Langhe e Roero, with registered office in Alba (CN), Corso Italia 4
- Banca della Marca Credito Cooperativo, with registered office in in Orsago (TV), Via G.Garibaldi 46:
- Banca San Biagio del Veneto Orientale di Cesarolo e Fossalta di Portogruaro e Pertegada Banca di Credito Cooperativo, with registered office in Fossalta di Portogruaro (VE), Viale Venezia 1;
- Banca dei Colli Euganei Credito Cooperativo Lozzo Atestino, with registered office in Lozzo Atestino (PD), Piazza dalle Fratte 1;
- Banca di Credito Cooperativo Offanengo, with registered office in Offanengo (CR), Via De Gasperi 25;

have transferred, with no guarantee of solvency, to Credico Finance 5 S.r.l., a portfolio consisting of performing mortgage loans for a nominal value of Euro 465,345,926. For these receivables, Credico Finance 5 paid, as an initial consideration for the transfer, Euro 465,345,926 and undertook to pay to each transferror any interest accrued up to October 31, 2005 (date of assessment of transferred portfolio).

The individual BCCs selected the portfolio to be transferred based on general criteria common to all of them and based on certain specific criteria indicated in each individual transfer agreement.

The general criteria indicated for selecting the loans to be transferred are the following:

- a) denominated in Euro;
- b) classified by the Transferor Bank as performing in compliance with the rules and regulations on supervision issued by the Bank of Italy;
- c) loans for which we have paid at least one instalment at the Assessment Date;
- d) secured by a first-rate mortgage in favour of the relevant Transferor Bank, understood as (i) a first-rate mortgage; or (ii) a mortgage of a higher rate than first in relation to which, at the Assessment Date, the obligations guaranteed by the mortgage(s) of a previous rate have been fully satisfied;
- e) in relation to which the investments are paid by direct debit into a current account held with the Transferor Bank;
- f) in relation to which the grace period has fully elapsed, whenever established by the relevant loan contract:
- g) deriving from loans that have to be paid in full on a date no later than September 30, 2025;
- h) not deriving from soft loan contracts or contracts that benefit from financial contributions of any type according to law or convention agreements (the so-called soft loans and loans granted under convention agreements);
- i) not deriving from loan contracts granted to individuals who are employees of the Transferor Bank:

- j) not deriving from loan contracts classified as "agricultural credit" as per Article 43 of TUB (Consolidated Banking Act), not even if the agricultural credit operation has been carried out through the use of an agricultural bill;
- k) deriving from loan contracts (1) in relation to which none of the instalments due are shown as unpaid on the Assessment Date and (2) in relation to which the last instalment due before the Assessment Date was paid within a fortnight following its due date;
- l) fully granted loans, for which neither the obligation nor the possibility exist to grant additional disbursements;
- m) not deriving from loans that, despite being performing, have at any time been classified as "in default" credits under the Instructions on Supervision of the Bank of Italy;
- n) deriving from loans provided by the same Transferor Bank.

The nominal value of receivables transferred by each BCC is shown below:

BCC Alba	81,293,885
BCC Anghiari e Stia	23,661,235
BCC Centroveneto	52,043,802
BCC Colli Euganei	16,082,806
BCC della Marca	90,750,242
BCC Doberdò	9,710,915
BCC Marcon - Venezia	22,880,728
BCC Maremma Grossetana	7,123,248
BCC Offanengo	10,177,200
BCC Pordenonese	50,605,513
BCC Suasa	10,409,003
BCC S.Biagio F.Veneto Orientale	25,370,247
BCC Udine	19,743,332
BCC Valdarno	14,516,442
BCC Vignole	30,977,328
TOTAL	465,345,926

During 2011 default amount did not change. The residual principal value of the debt of these thirty positions, net of any recoveries at December 31, is equal to Euro 2,239,809. During the year principal value recoveries were made on these positions for a total of Euro 318,475.

The operation is progressing in line with expectations.

F.3 INDICATION OF THE ENTITIES INVOLVED

Originators: BCC Alba, BCC Anghiari e Stia, BCC Centroveneto, BCC Colli Euganei, BCC della Marca, BCC Doberdò, BCC Marcon-Venezia, BCC Maremma Grossetana, BCC Offanengo, BCC Pordenonese, BCC Suasa, BCC S.Biagio Fossalta, BCC Udine, BCC Valdarno, BCC Vignole

The BCCs, in their capacity as servicers, are liable for the existence of transferred receivables and watch over their existence or non-existence. In particular, they are in charge of managing receivables, any default statuses, maintenance of guarantees and take care of the necessary documentation.

Agent bank: Deutsche Bank AG London/Deutsche Bank S.p.A. di Milano/ Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A.

The three institutions act as transaction bank, principal and Italian paying agent, cash manager and computation agent. In particular, Deutsche Bank SA. carries out listing and payment agent activities in Luxembourg.

Counterparties in charge of financial hedging: IXIS CIB

IXIS Corporate & Investment Bank is the party with which Credico Finance 5 has entered into two financial hedging agreements (consisting of two Interest Rate Swaps), for the purpose of hedging the interest-rate risk relating to the structure.

Lead manager and Arranger: IXIS Corporate & Investment Bank, IXIS CIB

In compliance with law and contractual provisions, the above entities have been in charge of placing securities on the market.

Represent of the Noteholders: Deutsche Trustee Company Limited

Administrative Services: FIS Full Integrated Solutions S.p.A.

FIS S.p.A. is in charge of providing accounting-administrative services to Credico Finance 5.

F.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF ISSUES

These consist of three series of "Asset Backed" securities, issued at par on April 29, 2005, for an aggregate nominal value of Euro...., broken down as follows:

Class A Issue	437,400,000
Class B Issue	18,600,000
Class C1 Issue	1,045,238
Class C2 Issue	475,208
Class C3 Issue	622,143
Class C4 Issue	291,546
Class C5 Issue	459,532
Class C6 Issue	143,062
Class C7 Issue	195,032
Class C8 Issue	209,053
Class C9 Issue	1,016,352
Class C10 Issue	396,522
Class C11 Issue	1,632,692
Class C12 Issue	1,822,612
Class C13 Issue	509,532
Class C14 Issue	323,004
Class C15 Issue	204,397
Total	465,345,925

The amounts indicated in the table relate to the tranching of securities. Since 18 months have passed between their issue and the balance sheet date, four reimbursements of the principal amount of series A took place which, at December 31, 2011, amounts to Euro 136,338,423.

Interest accruing on securities is equivalent to Euribor rate at 3 months with the following spreads:

Class A:	+0.1375%
Class B:	+0.60%

Class C securities produce a yield which is calculated on a yearly basis depending on income resulting from collection of the interest portion of transferred receivables, net of operating costs incurred by the SPE.

During 2011 four "interest payment dates" took place (January 4 -April 6 - July 4 - October 4). Interest accrued on Classes A and B has been paid, as well as any residual amount relating to Class C securities, according to contractual provisions. The payments were made in accordance with what is laid out by the Payment Priority Order.

Securities are listed at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the rating companies are Standard & Poor's and Moody's which rated them as follows:

Standard & Poor's	Moody's Rating	Percentage	Amount in €/million

Securities	Rating			
Class A	A+	Aa2	86%	171.6
Class B	A1	A1	9%	18.6
Class C	Not rated	Not rated	5%	9.3

F.5 ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

For the purpose of hedging the interest rate risk on the series of securities two Interest Rate Swap contracts were entered into, broken down into 2 classes corresponding to the types of variable rate applied to the individual portfolios transferred.

According to what has been agreed with the rating agencies, each Transferor BCC has provided the SPE with a liquidity line as an additional guarantee on any mismatch in incoming financial flows deriving from loans and outgoing financial flows resulting from payment of coupons. The aggregate original amount is Euro 20,715 thousand (or 4.4% of the aggregate transferred portfolio) which can be reduced over the years in accordance with certain contractual conditions.

In order to provide further support to the transactions, after informing the rating agencies, liquidity facilities have been provided with the aim of excluding any credit risk referred to the BCCs and to government bonds, guaranteed by the BCCs themselves by limited-recourse loans

After establishing liquidity facilities as above mentioned, governments bonds have been given back to the BCCs, due to the fact that the related guarantee was no longer needed.

F.6 OPERATING RIGHTS OF THE TRANSFEREE COMPANY

Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. (in its capacity as transferee and issuer) is empowered with operating authority to the extent permitted by the Articles of Association. In particular, Art. 2 states that: "The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions, as established and governed by Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 as amended and subsequent implementing measures, through acquisition for a consideration of either existing or future pecuniary receivables, *en bloc* if more than one receivable, and funded through issue of securities under Art. 1, Para. 1, Lett. b) and Art. 5 of Law 150/1999. In compliance with the provisions of the above law, receivables relating to each securitization transaction represent segregated assets in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to any other transactions. For each segregated asset, no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted. To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999, the Company may perform financial transactions for the sole purpose of successfully completing the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose and reinvest in other financial assets the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the securities issued by it as part of the securitization of said receivables.

The Company will limit its activities to those necessary for providing sufficient cash flow to be able to pay the rated securities issued as part of the securitization transactions carried out. The Company will not be involved in any activities that are not for this purpose unless the parties involved in the respective securitization transaction want the rating of the securities to take into account the outcome of said activity on the Company's resources, its cash flow and its ability to meet its payment obligations. At any rate, the Company may not undertake new receivable securitization transactions if the operator that, in accordance with Art. 2, Para. 4 of Law 130/29, assessed the credit rating of the receivable securitization transactions previously undertaken by the Company, has not declared in writing in advance that the conclusion of this new receivable securitization transaction by the Company will not have a negative effect on the credit rating carried out by this operator on the Company's previous receivable securitization transactions.

The Company may not dispose of, merge or sell assets (with the exception of what is provided for by the documents relating to the securitization transaction in which it is involved), nor will it amend its instruments of incorporation as long as there are rated securities which are still unredeemed, without it being necessary to give prior notice to the rating agencies involved in the specific transactions performed by it.

To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999 and the respective implementing measures, the Company may perform the financial transactions necessary for the purpose of successfully completing the securitization transactions performed by it or which are incidental or related to or useful or necessary for the achievement of its business purpose, including assumption of loans and financing, pledges and other

forms of guarantees. The Company may also give third parties the job of collecting the receivables purchased or performing collection and payment services and may transfer the receivables purchased and carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets (including receivables having a similar nature as those being securitized) of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the above-mentioned securities. The Company may carry out its business both in Italy and abroad".

All the principal operating activities associated with the management of the operation have been entrusted with third parties (see Point F3).

QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES

F.7 DATA ON FLOWS RELATING TO RECEIVABLES (amounts in euro)

	Balance as at	Decreases in	Other		Balance as at
	Dec 31,	Collection	Decrease	Increase	Dec 31,
	2010	2011		in interest	2011
BCC Alba	34,319,203	6,786,315		918,787	28,451,675
BCC Anghiari	8,676,443	2,182,765		251,663	6,745,341
BCC Centroveneto	17,228,406	3,656,003		460,371	14,032,774
BCC Colli Euganei	6,322,810	1,224,197		149,750	5,248,363
BCC della Marca	38,254,433	7,873,632		1,050,560	31,431,361
BCC Doberdò	3,475,384	648,155		97,125	2,924,354
BCC Marcon - Venezia	9,883,267	2,401,514		286,762	7,768,515
BCC Maremma	2,755,920	463,554		75,803	2,368,169
BCC Offanengo	4,308,110	1,523,806		102,982	2,887,286
BCC Pordenonese	23,702,895	4,437,856		700,796	19,965,835
BCC Suasa	3,589,227	557,190		101,535	3,133,572
BCC S.Biagio Veneto Orientale	10,770,987	2,477,755		306,756	8,599,988
BCC Udine	8,452,783	1,349,835		258,731	7,361,679
BCC Valdarno	7,093,481	1,024,250		180,723	6,249,954
BCC Vignole	10,130,381	2,230,266		282,374	8,182,489
	188,963,730	38,837,093	0	5,224,718	155,351,355

The Item "increases due to interest" relates to interest accrued during the year and duly collected at the balance sheet date.

F.8 Developments in past-due receivables

Below the developments taking place in past-due receivables are shown for the year 2011.

	Opening	Increase	Decrease	Opening
	Balance	in the period	in the period	Balance
BCC Alba	754,809	4,371,624	4,482,542	643,891
BCC Anghiari e Stia	37,123	1,513,436	1,518,348	32,211
BCC Centroveneto	532,613	3,495,590	3,463,838	564,365
BCC Colli Euganei	41,158	1,222,808	1,254,250	9,716
BCC della Marca	23,243	7,262,843	7,272,005	14,081
BCC Doberdò	49,797	651,304	646,680	54,421
BCC Marcon - Venezia	38,867	2,401,322	2,399,713	40,476
BCC Maremma Grossetana	18,822	461,190	462,812	17,200

Total	3,029,670	33,356,267	33,401,628	2,984,309
BCC Vignole	125,501	1,977,448	1,955,710	147,239
BCC Valdarno	202,511	916,672	1,013,361	105,822
BCC Udine	273,788	1,167,555	1,180,749	260,594
BCC S.Biagio Fossalta Veneto Orien.	408,053	2,484,634	2,572,527	320,160
BCC Suasa	6,686	441,731	439,992	8,425
BCC Pordenonese	380,250	3,485,055	3,218,471	646,834
BCC Offanengo	136,449	1,503,055	1,520,630	118,874

The future progress of the operation is in line with expectations.

F.9 CASH FLOWS

Cash and cash equivalents – opening balance		15,234,572
Outflows		
Payment of servicing fees	741,193	
Payment of suppliers and corporate servicers (including		
VAT and tax withholdings)	579,159	
Payment of interest series 1A, 1B and 1C	3,591,663	
Payment of swap differential	812,727	
Other payments	24,128	
Bank charges	1,954	
Investments on London account	163,505,177	
Repayment of Series A securities	35,215,360	
Repayment of coupons collected on behalf of BCCs	251,598	
Repayment of liquidity facilities	1,239,655	
Total Outflows		205,962,611
Inflows		
Cash Reserve	20,360,329	
Collection of receivables	38,724,856	
Use of liquidity facilities	1,360,478	
Interests encashment	3,810	
Collection of coupons on behalf of BCCs	331,664	
Encashment of investments on London account	152,870,740	
Collection of swap differential	258,807	
Total inflows		213,910,683
Total availability at 31/12/2011		23,182,644

The cash flows forecast for 2011 are in line with the amortisation plan of the transferred receivables.

F.10 STATUS OF GUARANTEES AND LIQUIDITY FACILITIES

As at December 31, 2011, Euro 302,666 of the liquidity facility made available by the BCCs is found to be used, on which there is interest accrued of Euro 1,237 at the balance sheet date. On the first interest payment date of 2012 these amounts are already found to have been repaid.

F.11 Breakdown by residual life

ASSETS

Maturity	No. of positions	%	Residual debt	%
Up to 3 months	27	1%	88,994	0%
From 3 months - 1 year	101	3%	742,553	0%
From 1 - 5 years	808	26%	20,758,566	13%

over 5 years		2,084	68%	131,521,433	85%
Overdue debts		11	0%	585,097	0%
	Default	19	1%	1,654,712	1%
	Total	3,050	100%	155,351,355	100%

The maximum due date of the receivables transferred, all of which are denominated in Euro, is fixed as September 30, 2025 and there are two positions whose holders are not resident in Italy.

LIABILITIES

Class A and B securities amounting to Euro 190,153,783 have a legal term up to April 2033 and their redemption is dependent on the collections made on the transferred receivables.

Class C securities amounting to Euro 9,345,925 are dependent on the full redemption of the principal amount and interest of A and B securities.

F.12 Breakdown by Geographic Location

The debtors who hold the loans are broken down according to geographic area as follows:

Maturity		No, of positions	%	Residual debt	%
Italy		3,048	100%	155,261,202	100%
Member Countries of the Monetary Union		1	0%	25,544	0%
EU Countries not belonging to the Monetary Union		1	0%	64,609	0%
Other		0	0%	0	0%
	Total	3,050	100%	155,351,355	100%

All receivables are denominated in Euro.

F.13 RISK CONCENTRATION

Below the level of portfolio breakdown is shown by category.

Amount range	No. of positions	%	Nominal Value	%
up to € 25,000	831	27%	10,809,534	7%
From € 25,000 to € 75,000	1,566	51%	73,865,405	48%
From € 75,000 to € 250,000	604	20%	63,225,272	41%
over € 250,000	19	1%	5,211,335	3%
Default	10	0%	585,097	0%
Overdue debts	20	1%	1,654,712	1%
Total	3,050	100%	155,351,355	100%

There are no individual receivables for an amount exceeding 2% of the portfolio total.

Section 3 – Information on risks and related hedging policies

3.1 Credit risk

The Company is not subject to credit risks. Securitized assets are segregated from corporate assets.

3.2 Market risk

a) ordinary management –

The Company is not subject to market risks.

b) Segregated asset-

The Company is not subject to market risks

3.3 Operating risks

Risks of losses caused by inefficiencies in business process, technologies systems failures, external events are the main reasons that might cause real and measurable Company loss.

According to Basilea's committee, unexpected loss are the consequences of four reasons: human mistakes, systems failures, procedures, and inadequate controls, external events. Operating risk is a pure risk, or, it is related only to negative elements connected with the event.

In order to face obligation related to securization, the Company ability depends only on third parties appointed of functions which are typical of an organisational structure and of iternal control systems; the Company, indeed, by its nature has no employees.

3.4 Liquidity risks

The company theoretically bears no particular liquidity risks, since operating costs of the SPV are covered by the securization operation flow. With regards to segregated asset, a swap agreement covers interest payments.

Section 4 – EQUITY DISCLOSURES

Company equity

4.1.1 Qualitative disclosures

In accordance with what is permitted by Art. 3 of Law 130/1999 the Company is set up as a limited liability company and has a subscribed capital of 10,000 euros.

In view of its sole business purpose, the Company's aim is to preserve its equity over time, covering operating costs by means of its segregated assets.

4.1.2 Quantitative disclosures

4.1.2.1 Company equity: breakdown

	Item /Values	2011	2010
1.	Share capital	10,000	10,000
2.	Share premium reserve	0	0
3.	Reserves		
	- of earnings		
	a) legal	88	88
	b) statutory	0	0
	c) own shares	0	0
	d) other	0	0

	- other	530	530
4.	(Own shares)	0	0
5.	Valuation reserves		
	- Financial assets available for sale	0	0
	- Fixed assets	0	0
	- Foreign investment hedges	0	0
	- Cash flow hedges	0	0
	- Exchange differences	0	0
	- Non-current assets and discontinued operations	0	0
	- Special revaluation laws	0	0
	- Actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit plans	0	0
	- Portion of reserves relating to investments carried at equity	0	0
6.	Equity instruments	0	0
7.	Profit (Loss) for the year		
		0	0
		0	0
	Total	10,618	10,618

4.2 Regulatory capital and capital ratios

In view of the area of operations of the Company and what is reported in Section 4.1., the completion of this Section was deemed inapplicable.

Section 5 – DETAILED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

In accordance with what is reported in the statement of comprehensive income, the profit/loss of the Company is the same as its comprehensive income.

Section 6 – TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

6.1 Information on remuneration of managers with strategic responsibilities

Remuneration to Directors and Statutory Auditors

On April 29, 2011 the ordinary shareholders' meeting was held which resolved upon annual remuneration (net of VAT and professionals welfare fund) in favour of the Sole Director of Euro 7,000 for the period in question.

The remuneration before VAT, professionals' welfare fund and any out-of-pocket expenses incurred as part of duties which were paid in 2011 amounts to Euro 8,775.

The work carried out has been regulated at market conditions.

6.2 Loans and guarantees granted to Directors and Statutory Auditors

No loans or guarantees have been granted in favour of the Sole Director. The Company has no Board of Statutory Auditors.

6.3 Information on transactions with related parties

Under Art. 2497 bis of the Civil Code, the Company's capital and reserves are broken down as follows:

Stichting Melograno 3 - 50%

Stichting Melograno 4 - 50%

None of them is in charge of management and coordination.

As a result no transactions with related parties are reported.

Section 7 – Other Detailed Information

7.1 Average number of employees by category

- a) managers
- b) middle managers
- c) other employees

As required by law, the Company does not employ any personnel and for this reason it has recourse to independent service providers for conducting its business.

7.2 Management and coordination

The Company is not subject to any management and coordination by third parties.

7.3 Fees invoiced by the auditing firm in the period 1/1-31/12/2011

In the period 1/01/2011 - 31/12/2011 the auditing firm invoiced Euro 19,144.80. worth of fees net of VAT.

The above fees relate exclusively to financial statement auditing services.

The Sole Director (Antonio Bertani)

Statement of Changes in Quotaholders' Equity

				Allocation of pre	evious period's net profit (loss)		Changes in the period		1				
	Balance at 31/12/2009	Change in opening balance	Balance at 1/1/2010	Reserves	Dividends and other allocations	Changes in reserves	Issue of new shares	Purchase of own shares	Extraordinary distribution of dividends	Changes in equity instruments	Other changes	Comprehensi ve income 2010	Quotaholders' equity as at 31/12/2010
Share capital	10,000		10,000										10,000
Share premium reserve	0		0										0
Reserves:	0		0										0
a) earnings	618		618										618
b) other	0		0										0
Valuation reserves	0		0										0
Equity instruments	0		0										0
Own shares	0		0										0
Net profit (loss) for the period	0		0										0
Total quotaholders'equity	10,618	0	10,618	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,618

Statement of Changes in Quotaholders' Equity

				Allocation of pre	evious period's net profit (loss)		Changes in the period						
	Balance at 31/12/2010	Change in opening balance	Balance at 1/1/2011	Reserves	Dividends and other allocations	Changes in reserves	Issue of new shares	Purchase of own shares	Extraordinary distribution of dividends	Changes in equity instruments	Other changes	Comprehensi ve income 2011	Quotaholders' equity as at 31/12/2011
Share capital	10,000		10,000										10,000
Share premium reserve	0		0										0
Reserves:	0		0										0
a) earnings	618		618										618
b) other	0		0										0
Valuation reserves	0		0										0
Equity instruments	0		0										0
Own shares	0		0										0
Net profit (loss) for the period	0		0										0
Total quotaholders'equity	10,618	0	10,618	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,618

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Direct method)

A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2011	2010
1. Operations	0	0
- Interest receivable collected (+)	38	6
- Interest payable paid (-)		
- Dividends and similar revenues (+)		
- Net commission (+/-)		
- Personnel costs (-)	(8,775)	(9,023)
- Other costs (-)	(117,156)	(117,523)
- Other income (+)	126,974	126,930
- Taxes and dues (-)	(1,081)	(390)
- Costs/revenues relating to discontinued operations net of tax effect (+/-)		, ,
2. Cash flows from/used in financial assets	9,075	(9,727)
- Financial assets held for trading	9,073	(9,121)
- Financial assets valued at fair value		
- Financial assets available for sale		
- Amounts receivable from banks		
- Amounts receivable from financial institutions		
- Amounts receivable from customers		
- Other assets	9,075	(9,727)
3. Cash flows from/used in financial liabilities	(9,182)	9,598
- Amounts owed to banks		
- Amounts owed to financial institutions		
- Amounts owed to customers		
- Outstanding securities		
- Financial liabilities held for trading		
- Financial liabilities valued at fair value		
- Other liabilities	(9,182)	9,598
Net cash flows from/used in operating activities	(107)	(129)
B. INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
1. Cash flow from		
- Sales of equity investments		
- Dividends collected on equity investments		
- Sales/repayments of financial assets held to maturity		
- Sales of tangible fixed assets		
- Sales of intangible fixed assets		
- Sales of business branches		
1. Cash flow used in		
- Purchases of equity investments		
- Purchases of financial assets held to maturity		

Ι		
- Purchases of tangible fixed assets		
- Purchases of intangible fixed assets	2011	2010
- Purchases of business branches		
Net cash flowe from/used in investing activities		
C. FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
- Issue/purchase of own shares		
- Issue/purchase of equity instruments		
- Distribution of dividends and other purposes		
Net cash flows from/used in financingactivities		
NET CASH FLOW GENERATED/ABSORBED IN THE PERIOD	(107)	(129)

RECONCILIATION	2011	2010
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	7,333	7,462
Total net cash flow generated/absorbed during the period		
	(107)	(129)
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	7,226	7,333

CREDICO FINANCE 5 S.R.L.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

ITEMS – (IN EURO)	2011	2010
10. Net Profit (Loss) for the period	0	0
110. Total other income components net of taxes	0	0
120. Comprehensive income (Item 10+110)	0	0

Report on Operations

Financial Statements as at December 31, 2011

Dear Quotaholders,

I hereby submit to you for approval the financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2011, which show a break-even result with capital and reserves of Euro 10,618, consisting of balance sheet, income statement, statement of changes in quotaholders'equity, statement of cash flows, statement of comprehensive income and explanatory notes.

Credico Finance 5 is a financial company, an SPV for financing operations through securitization, set up under Art. 3 of Law 130 of April 30, 1999, initially listed in the Special Roll of Financial Brokers in accordance with Art. 107 of TUB (Consolidated Banking Act).

Following the provision dated 25 September 2009, published in the Official Journal dated 20 October 2009, the Bank of Italy stated that, pursuant to art.107 of the Consolidated bank Law, securitization SPV must be removed from the previously mentioned Register. Therefore, the Company is no longer enrolled in the special Register. Legislative decree n.141 of 2010, as modified by the Legislative decree n.218 of 2010, requires that securization SPV must be established as joint stock companies.

Following the provision dated 23 April 2011, published in the Official Journal n.110 dated 13 May 2011, the Bank of Italy provided that, pursuant to art.11, securitization SPVs that were already enrolled in the Register provided by the art. 106 of the Legislative Decree 385 of September 1, 1993 at the date of the Provision in force (13 May 2011), had to be removed from the mentioned Register.

Therefore, these companies, after 14 of May 2011, have been enrolled in the Register of Special Purpose Vehicles of the Bank of Italy.

Technical instructions for interpretation of financial statements

The financial statements have been drawn up in compliance with the valuation and measurement criteria set forth in International Financial Reporting Standards (Ifrs) and International Accounting Standards (Ias) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Commission according with the procedure set out in Art. 6 of (EC) Regulation No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council dated July 19, 2002. The EC Regulation has been fully applied in Italy following Legislative Decree 38 of February 28, 2005, which came into force on March 22, 2005. This regulation is also in line with what is set out by the Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries pursuant to art. 107, of the Consolidated bank Law, payment Institutions, Imels, Sgrs and Sims''dated 13 March 2012 issued by the Bank of Italy. However it has been established that the use of such schemes is compulsory only for Financial Intermediaries listed in the Special list pursuant to art. 107 of Consolidated bank Law.

In Part A "Accounting Policies" of the explanatory notes, the international accounting standards adopted are explained.

Items of the Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Quotaholders' Equity and Statement of Cash Flows show no significant changes compared to the position as at 31 December 2010

Reference should be made to section F of the explanatory notes for information on securitization performance.

Business purpose

The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions, as established and governed by Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 as amended and subsequent implementing measures, through acquisition for a consideration of either existing or future pecuniary receivables, en bloc if more than one receivable, and funded through issue of securities under Art. 1, Para. 1, Lett. b) and Art. 5 of Law 130/1999. In compliance with the provisions of the above law, receivables relating to each securitization transaction represent segregated assets in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other transactions. For each segregated asset, no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted. To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999, the Company may perform financial transactions for the sole purpose of successfully completing the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose and reinvest in other financial assets the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the securities issued by it as part of the securitization of said receivables.

The Company will limit its activities to those necessary for providing sufficient cash flow to be able to pay the rated securities issued as part of the securitization transactions performed. The Company will not be involved in any activities that are not for this purpose unless the parties involved in the respective securitization transaction want the rating of the securities to take into account the outcome of said activity on the Company's resources, its cash flow and its ability to meet its payment obligations. At any rate, the Company may not undertake new receivable securitization transactions if the operator that, in accordance with Art. 2, Para. 4 of Law 130/29, assessed the credit rating of the receivable securitization transactions previously undertaken by the Company, has not declared in writing in advance that the conclusion of this new receivable securitization transaction by the Company will not have a negative effect on the credit rating carried out by this operator on the Company's previous receivable securitization transactions.

The Company may not dispose of, merge or sell assets (with the exception of what is provided for by the documents relating to the securitization transaction in which it is involved), nor will it amend its instruments of incorporation as long as there are rated securities which are still unredeemed, without it being necessary to give prior notice to the rating agencies involved in the specific transactions performed by it.

To the extent permitted by the provisions of Law No. 130/1999 and the respective implementing measures, the Company may perform the financial transactions necessary for the purpose of successfully completing the securitization transactions performed by it or which are incidental or related to or useful or necessary for the achievement of its business purpose, including assumption of loans and financing, pledges and other forms of guarantees. The Company may also give third parties the job of collecting the receivables purchased or performing collection and payment services and may transfer the receivables

purchased and carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets (including receivables having a similar nature as those being securitized) of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the above-mentioned securities.

The Company may carry out its business both in Italy and abroad.

In December 2005, the Company carried out a securitization transaction of performing receivables transferred by the following 15 institutions: Banca del Centroveneto Credito Cooperativo, Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Vignole, Banca del Valdarno Credito Cooperativo, Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Marcon – Venezia, Banca della Maremma Credito Cooperativo di Grosseto, Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Doberdò e Savogna, Banca Suasa Credito Cooperativo, Banca di Credito Cooperativo Pordenonese, Banca di Udine Credito Cooperativo, Banca della Marca Credito

Cooperativo, Banca S. Biagio del Veneto Orientale di Cesarolo e Fossalta di Portogruaro e Pertegada Banca di Credito Cooperativo, Banca dei Colli Euganei Credito Cooperativo Lozzo Atestino, Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Alba Langhe e Roero, Banca di Credito Cooperativo di Offanengo.

Full information is given about this transaction in an annex to the explanatory notes in accordance with the provisions contained in the Ordinance of March 29, 2000 of the Bank of Italy, which is responible for regulating the methods of preparing the financial statements of financial companies.

The transaction was previously submitted for examination to the Bank of Italy.

Own shares

The Company does not possess own shares.

Quotaholder relations

The subscribed capital is broken down as follows:

50% Stichting Melograno 3

50% Stichting Melograno 4

The 15 Transferring BCCs carry out the function of Servicer on the basis of the specific "Servicing Contract".

They receive a commission equal to 0.40% annually for this service.

There are no transactions with shareholders of the Company.

Research and development activities

No specific research and development activities have been carried out.

Other information

Following appropriate internal audits, it is reported that the Company is not subject to any management and coordination activity by third parties as established by Legislative Decree 6/2003 and governed by Articles 2497 et seq. of the Civil Code.

Events taking place after the closing date of accounts

After December 31, 2011 the transaction progressed regularly.

According to the Payment Priority Order provided for by contract, the following creditors of the Company were paid punctually on the first interest payment date which took place on January 5, 2011: service providers, interest on securities, partial payment of Series A of the securities issued, interest owed on derivative contracts and any residual amount of interest on series C securities.

Outlook

Considering the present intention not to carry out new securitization transactions, operations will be dedicated to the regular continuation of the existing transaction.

Going Concern

In the preparation of financial statement, it has been made an analysis on the fact that the Company carries out activities for the duration of twelve months, starting from the reference date of the financial statement. In order to draw up such conclusion, we took into account all the available information and the specific activities carried out by the Company, whose aim is to execute securitization transfers, in accordance with Law n.130 of April 30, 1999.

As a consequence, financial statements have been prepared with the prospective of going concern of the Company, considering the fact that there are no reasons for not going on with its activities.

Report on corporate governance and the Company's Ownership Structures: "Principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems present in relation to the process of financial reporting" pursuant to Art. 123-bis, Para. 2, Lett. b), TUF (Consolidated Finance Act).

The Company's sole business purpose is the performance of one or more receivable securitization transactions pursuant to Law No. 130 of April 30, 1999 (hereinafter "Law 130/1999"), through acquisition for a consideration of either existing or future pecuniary receivables, funded through issue of securities under Article 1, Para. 1, Lett. (b) of Law 130/99. In compliance with the provisions of the above Law, receivables relating to each securitization transaction represent segregated assets in all respects from those of the Company and those relating to other transactions, for which no actions taken by creditors other than the bearers of the securities issued to finance the purchase of such receivables are permitted. To the extent permitted by Law 130/1999, the Company may perform any additional transactions in order to successfully complete the securitization transactions performed by it or which are useful to achieve its business purpose, as well as carry out reinvestment transactions in other financial assets of the funds originating from the management of receivables purchased and not immediately employed to meet the rights originating from the above-mentioned securities.

In the context of its business purpose stated above, the Company began a securitization transaction in December 2005 by purchasing a block of loans from 15 BCCs for an overall nominal value of Euro 465,345,926. For the purpose of purchasing these loans the Company issued asset-backed securities listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange as well as junior securities. The Company entered into specific Interest Rate Swap contracts as

protection against interest rate risk, solely in relation to the floating rate on coupons for securities issued as part of securitization.

As a result, under Art. 123-bis of Legislative Decree 58 of February 24, 1998, management reports of companies who issue securities admitted to trading in regulated markets must contain a specific section called "Report on Corporate Governance and the Company's Ownership Structure" which, as per Para. 2, Letter b) of said Article, states the information relating to "the principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems present in relation to the process of financial reporting, including consolidated financial reporting, where applicable".

In this respect it is noted that the Company has no employees and it has undertaken not to employ any employees. The company makes use of ad hoc appointed agents for the purpose of pursuing its business purpose and therefore also in relation to risk management and internal control systems for the financial reporting process. The securitization contractual documentation governs the appointment of agents and the specific activities which each of the Company's agents is expected to perform. This information is also contained in Part D, Section F.3, of the explanatory notes.

The agents are appointed from among persons who perform duties assigned by the Company in a professional manner. Agents must complete their assignments in compliance with governing regulations and in such a way as to allow the Company to promptly comply with all obligations deriving from securitization-related documents and the law.

The main roles covered by such agents are as follows:

- (i) Servicers, responsible for the existence of transferred receivables and watch over their existence or non-existence. In particular, they are in charge of managing receivables, any default statuses and maintenance of guarantees, and take care of the necessary documentation;
- (ii) Corporate Servicers, responsible for the Company's administrative and accounting management;
- (iii) Cash Managers, Computation Agents and Paying Agents, who perform collection management, interest calculation and payment services.

Specifically, the Servicer is the "party appointed to collect the transferred receivables and to perform collection and payment services" pursuant to Article 2, Para. 3, Lett. (c) of Law 130/1999. In accordance with Art. 2, Para. 6 of Law 130/1999 the Servicer may be a bank or intermediary listed in the Special Roll pursuant to Art. 107 of Legislative Decree No. 385 of September 1, 1993, which is responsible for verifying compliance of the transactions with law and the prospectus.

Also pursuant to the Bank of Italy Ordinance of August 23, 2000, Servicers are responsible for both operational tasks and for guaranteeing the correct implementation of securitization transactions in the interest of investors and, in general, of the market.

Lastly, it should be mentioned that the financial information contained in the financial statements are mainly prepared by the Corporate Servicer based on data provided by the party in charge of managing the receivables purchased.

The Company's governing body regularly monitors the work performed by the agents and approves the financial statements.

Allocation of net profit (loss) for the period

Dear Quotaholders,

I therefore invite you to approve the financial statements for the period ended as at 31.12.2011 which show a break-even result.

The Sole Director

Antonio Bertani



Financial Statements as of december 31, 2011 Independent Auditors' Report pursuant to art. 14 and 16 of Legislative Decree n. 39 dated January 27, 2010

(Translation from the original Italian text)



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Independent auditors' report pursuant to art. 14 and 16 of Legislative Decree n. 39 dated January 27, 2010 (Translation from the original Italian text)

To the Quotaholders of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l.

- 1. We have audited the financial statements of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, comprising the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in quotaholders' equity, the statement of cash flows and the related explanatory notes. The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and with art. 9 of Legislative Decree n. 38/2005 is the responsibility of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- 2. Our audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards recommended by Consob (the Italian Stock Exchange Regulatory Agency). In accordance with such standards, we planned and performed our audit to obtain the information necessary to determine whether the financial statements are materially misstated and if such financial statements, taken as a whole, may be relied upon. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, as well as assessing the appropriateness and correct application of the accounting principles and the reasonableness of the estimates made by management. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
 - For our opinion on the financial statements of the prior year, which are presented for comparative purposes, reference should be made to our report dated April 20, 2011.
- 3. In our opinion, the financial statements of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and with art. 9 of Legislative Decree n. 38/2005; accordingly, they present clearly and give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. for the year then ended.
- 4. The exclusive purpose of the Company is to carry out receivables securitization transactions pursuant to Law n° 130/99 and, in compliance with Bank of Italy's instructions of March 13, 2012, has recorded the acquired receivables, the notes issued and the other transactions performed within the scope of the securitization transaction in the explanatory notes and not in the balance sheet. The recognition of financial assets and liabilities in the explanatory notes is done, in conformity with the administrative provisions issued by the Bank of Italy under art. 9 of the Legislative Decree n° 38/2005, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This approach is also in line with the provisions of Law n° 130/99 according to which the receivables involved in each securitization are, in all respect, separate from the assets of the Company and from those related to other securitization. For completeness of disclosure, we point that the



- accounting treatment under the International Financial Reporting Standards of financial assets and/or groups of financial assets and financial liabilities deriving from securitization is still under examination by the International Financial Reporting Standards interpretation committees.
- 5. The management of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. is responsible for the preparation of the Report on Operations in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consistency with the financial statements of the Report on Operations and the specific section on Corporate Governance and the Company's Ownership Structure regarding the information included therein in compliance with art. 123-bis of Legislative Decree n. 58/1998, paragraph 2, letter b), as required by the law. For this purpose, we have performed the procedures required under Auditing Standard 001 issued by the Italian Accounting Profession (CNDCEC) and recommended by Consob (the Italian Stock Exchange Regulatory Agency). In our opinion, the Report on Operations and the information included therein in compliance with art. 123-bis of Legislative Decree n. 58/1998, paragraph 2), letter b) included in the specific section on Corporate Governance and the Company's Ownership Structure, are consistent with the financial statements of Credico Finance 5 S.r.l. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Rome, April 12, 2012

Reconta Ernst & Young S.p.A. signed by: Alberto M. Pisani, partner

Certification

of the financial statements for the period ended 31.12.2011 pursuant to Art. 81-ter of Consob Regulation No. 11971 of May 14, 1999 as amended and integrated

1. The undersigned:

Mr Antonio Bertani, in his capacity as Sole Director and manager in charge of preparing the company's accounting documents, of Credico Finance 5 Srl certifies, having also taken into account what is provided for by Art. 154-bis, Paras. 3 and 4 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of February 24, 1998, that the administrative and accounting procedures for drawing up the financial statements as at 31.12.2011:

- Are adequate in relation to the characteristics of the business; and
- Have actually been applied.
- 2. It is reported that the Company's sole business purpose is the mass purchase for a consideration of receivables exclusively stemming from performing mortgage loans.
- 3. It is also certified that:
- 3.1 The financial statements as at 31.12.2011:
 - a) Have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and the International Accounting Standards (IAS/IFRS), in compliance with the provisions of Legislative Decree 38/2005 and the information in the Ordinance of the Bank of Italy of December 16, 2009 "Instructions for preparation of financial statements of financial intermediaries listed in the special register, of Imels, Sgrs and Sims (Electronic Money Institutions, Collectively Managed Investments Institutions and stock market intermediaries)".

Information on securitization is reported in a specific section of the explanatory notes and does not form part of the actual financial statements. Consequently, amounts relating to securitization have not been impacted by the application of IAS/IFRS standards.

As regards these transactions, according to the Bank of Italy:

- Accounting information relating to each securitization transaction should be stated separately in the explanatory notes;
- Information should include all qualitative and quantitative data necessary for a clear and thorough representation of each transaction.
- b) Correspond to the amounts shown in the accounting records and books.
- c) Are able to provide a true and fair view of the financial situation of the Issuer.
- 3.2 The management report on operations includes a reliable analysis of the business and operating performance, as well as the situation of the Issuer, together with a description of the main risks and uncertainties to which it is exposed.

Rome, April 27, 2012

Mr Antonio Bertani – Sole Director and manager in charge of preparing the company's accounting documents